

LIST OF PLANTS AVAILABLE – SPRING 2016

*These are also available as advanced plants

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GENUS x SPECIES FAMILY/ <i>height code</i> COMMON NAME	SIZE AND GROWING HINTS (size given as height x width) HEIGHT CODE: #=<1m ## =1–5m. ### =5–12m	DESCRIPTION
<i>Acacia buxifolia</i> ☞ MIMOSACEAE #-## Box-leaf Wattle	Hardy shrub 1-2m x 1-2m. Most well to reasonably drained soils in full to part sun. Prefers wind protection. Frost hardy to -7°C.	Greyish foliage and bright yellow flowers in spring.
<i>Acacia cognata</i> ☞ 'Green Mist' MIMOSACEAE # Cultivar from Mt Gambier SA	Dense shrub with weeping habit 1m x 1m. Full sun to part shade, well-drained soil, Frost hardy to -7°C.	Flowers are insignificant yellow, leaves decorative, pendulous, lime green. For small gardens.
<i>Acacia cultriformis</i> MIMOSACEAE ## Knife Leaf Wattle (Woodland areas of Qld, NSW)	Erect, medium shrub 2-3m x 2m. Well-drained soil in sunny position. Frost hardy to -7°C, drought tolerant.	Bright yellow globular flower clusters in spring. Recommended for its foliage as a feature plant.
<i>Acacia decora</i> ☞ MIMOSACEAE ## Western Silver/Showy Wattle (Qld, NSW, Vic)	Hardy, spreading shrub to 2.5m x 3m. Suitable for most reasonably drained soils in full sun or part shade. Frost hardy to -7°C. Withstands regular pruning into hardwood if needed.	Very showy, golden terminal racemes of perfumed balls Aug–Oct. Attractive narrow grey phyllodes, gold new shoots. Use for low windbreak or shelter.
<i>Acacia gladiiformis</i> ☞ MIMOSACEAE #-## Sword Wattle (Blue Mtns and western slopes NSW)	Small to tall shrub 1–4m x 0.5–1.5m. Most well drained soils in sunny position. Prune to make denser. Frost and drought hardy.	Racemes of dense, bright yellow balls Nov–Feb. Highly ornamental.
<i>Acacia gunnii</i> MIMOSACEAE # Ploughshare Wattle, Dog Tooth Wattle (SA, Vic, NSW, ACT, Tas)	Stiff, woody, sprawling shrub 40cm x 60cm. Needs well drained soil in sun or part shade. Frost hardy to -7°C. Drought hardy.	Flowers cream in Spring. Suitable for rockeries.
<i>Acacia howittii</i> (compact form) MIMOSACEAE ## Sticky Wattle (Sth Gippsland Hills but widespread)	Small, upright tree and can take up to 30 years to reach full height – 3-5m x 2-3m. Partial or full sun. Well-drained to medium soil. Frost hardy to -7°C. Drought tolerant.	Yellow balls in Spring. Pods are 4-6cm long and 5mm wide. The plant has the potential to be a weed.
<i>Acacia jibberdingensis</i> ☞ MIMOSACEAE ## Willow-leaved Wattle (WA)	Upright to spreading, medium to tall shrub, 3–5m x 3–5m. Partial or full sun in a dry position with well-drained soil. Drought resistant and frost hardy to -7°C.	Deep yellow, cylindrical flower heads. Long-flowering. Ornamental. Useful for windbreaks and screens.
<i>Acacia pendula</i> ☞ MIMOSACEAE ### Weeping Myall. or Boree (Vic, NSW, Qld)	Weeping small tree to 12m. Suits dry areas, medium to heavy soils. Sun to light shade. Frost and drought hardy.	Attractive specimen tree, also for shade, fodder, windbreak. Small lemon flower balls. Silvery narrow phyllodes, Bird attracting.
<i>Acacia rigens</i> ☞ MIMOSACEAE ## Needle Wattle (Qld, NSW, SA, Vic)	Rigid, dense, medium shrub. 2-4m x 2-4m. Well-drained light to heavy soils. Partial or full sun. Frost hardy to -7°C, drought tolerant. Can be pruned.	Golden yellow, globular flowers, profuse June to December Ornamental, low windbreak.
<i>Allocasuarina nana</i> ☞ CASUARINACEAE ## Dwarf She-oak (Sth NSW, Vic)	Hardy woody shrub to 1.5m x 3m. Most reasonably drained soils. Will stand dry conditions. Frost hardy to -7°C.	Upright, pine-like foliage. Male plants have pollen plumes, female has small red flowers and globular

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		cones.
<i>Austromyrtus dulcis</i> MYRTACEAE ## Midgen Berry (Byron Bay to Fraser Island)	Ground cover to low shrub 0.3-0.6m x 1m. Prefers moist, well-mulched, soils. Needs some overhead cover from frost. Water in dry spells. Bush Food.	Reddish new growth. Profuse fluffy white flowers summer to mid-autumn. Pale sweet edible berries, about 1cm diameter in autumn.
<i>Baeckea linifolia</i> MYRTACEAE ## Weeping Baeckea, Flax Leaf Heath Myrtle (Qld, NSW, Vic)	Small to medium shrub, 1–3 x 0.5–2m. Adapts to most situations, more compact in full sun. Drought tolerant but grows well in damp spots. Prune regularly for bushy shape. Frost hardy to -7°C.	Flowers white, small but profuse, most of year but especially in summer. Leaf tips often bronze or reddish. Weeping habit. Outstanding feature plant. Foliage useful in flower arrangements.
<i>Banksia ericifolia</i> ☞ 'Red Clusters' PROTEACEAE #-###	Bushy shrub to 5m x 4m. Hardy in most situations. Frost hardy.	Long spikes of flowers, styles more red than orange, in autumn and winter. Good screen plant. Bird attractor.
<i>Banksia ericifolia ssp ericifolia</i> ☞ PROTEACEAE ### (Central coast of NSW)	Large shrub 4-7m x 4m. Full sun or semi-shade. Well-drained acid soil or application of iron chelates. Frost and drought tolerant. Prune lightly to retain bushy, dense habit.	Yellow to reddish-orange cones autumn to early spring. Garden feature or screen plant and one of the best for honey eating birds.
<i>Banksia ericifolia x spinulosa</i> PROTEACEAE ###	Large spreading shrub 4-10m x 2-4m. Well-drained soil in full sun to partial shade. Can be trimmed into a tree from a young age. Frost hardy to -7°C.	Huge orange cones in autumn & winter. Attracts honey-eating birds. Highly adaptable plant that can be used as an informal hedge, screen or windbreak.
<i>Banksia integrifolia</i> PROTEACEAE ### Coast Banksia (Widespread extending 3000km along east coast of Australia)	Large shrub or small tree 10-16m. Upright, slender and canopied. Full sun to part shade. Prefers sandy acidic soil. Frost hardy to -7°C, moderate drought tolerance.	Pale yellow cones summer to winter. Pinkish wood has an attractive oak-like appearance. Source of honey for birds. Can be trimmed to retain compact shape.
<i>Banksia marginata</i> ** PROTEACEAE #-### Silver Banksia (NSW, Vic, Tas, SA) Local	Shrub to small tree 5m x 3m. Hardy in most soils with reasonable drainage. Frost hardy to -7°C.	Yellow flower spikes to 9 cm, autumn/winter. Leaves dark green, silver under. New foliage lovely rust colour.
<i>Banksia robur</i> * PROTEACEAE ## Swamp Banksia (Swamps along the coast and plateaus of NSW and Qld – from Illawarra to Gladstone)	Open habit, small shrub 1-2m x 2m. A variety of soils in damp areas. Full sun for maximum flowering. Hardy but some initial covering to protect from frost. Drought tolerant but needs watering. Large leaf structure. Prune after flowering for tighter shape.	Yellow and green cones autumn and winter. Landscape feature plant.
<i>Banksia serrata</i> PROTEACEAE ### Saw Banksia/Old Man Banksia (Tas, Vic, NSW, Qld)	Tall - height up to 15m. Full sun or very light shade. Tolerates most soils, except heavy clay. Frost hardy to -7°C, drought tolerant once established.	Provides nectar and pollen to a range of bird species, arboreal mammals and insects. Prune if needed.
<i>Banksia spinulosa</i> 'Giant Candles' PROTEACEAE ## (NSW)	Large shrub 3-4m x 2m, sunny position in well-drained soil. Tolerates light frosts and coastal conditions. Prune after flowering to maintain compact habit.	Dark green foliage – bright orange flowers. 40-50cm in length and 10cm wide, autumn and winter. Attracts nectar eating birds. Good for hedges, specimen shrub, or planted in a pot.

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<i>Banksia spinulosa</i> var <i>cunninghamii</i> ☞ PROTEACEAE ## (East coast of Australia - NSW and Vic)	Shrub or small tree 1-1.5m x 2m. Frost tolerant to -5°C but needs to be planted in protected area if frosts are heavy for prolonged periods. Medium drought tolerance - requires watering over long dry periods. Adaptable to most soils. Light annual prune.	Yellow cones autumn to spring. Great food source for bees and nectar feeding birds.
<i>Bauera rubioides</i> BAUERACEAE ## Dog Rose or River Rose (Sthn Tablelands NSW, Tas, coastal heaths Qld, Vic)	Prostrate to bushy shrub 1.5m x 2m. Full or part sun, moist to well drained soils. Withstands short periods of water logging. Frost hardy to -7°C. Benefits from 5cm deep mulch.	Pink rose-like flowers most of year, flushes autumn and winter. Cut flower. Leaves small, slightly serrated. Tall and straggly in shade, compact in sun. Prune for shape. Erosion control on moist slopes.
<i>Blandfordia grandiflora</i> LILIACEAE # Christmas Bells (NSW, SE Qld)	Slow growing grass-like plants with narrow leaves. Require moist, well-drained soil, preferably of a light texture such as sandy loam. Appreciates some protection from full sun but does not like full shade. Tolerant of moderate frosts.	Tubular red flowers with yellow tips – quite large on stems 30-60cm long. Flowers produce nectar and are frequented by honey-eating birds. Suitable for pots.
<i>Boronia</i> ‘Telopea Valley Star’ RUTACEAE # ☞ (Hybrid between <i>B. mollis</i> and <i>B. fraseri</i> . Raised by Telopea Valley Nursery near Kulnura, NSW)	Small, erect, shrub 1m x 0.6m. Dappled shade or full sun, well-drained sandy loam. Prune to keep it compact. Frost hardy in Canberra.	Pink star-shaped flowers profuse in spring but sporadic flowering most of the year. Attractive reddish foliage.
<i>Boronia</i> ‘Tylage Ruby’ RUTACEAE # (<i>B. muelleri</i> x <i>B. citriodora</i>)	Small shrub to about 1m. Shady, cool spot, in well-drained soil essential. Responds well to growing between rocks or bricks (bricks can be placed below ground level). Mulch to keep moist.	Spectacular pink flowers massed in spring. Responds well to pruning after flowering. Can be short-lived.
<i>Boronia muelleri</i> ‘Sunset Serenade’ RUTACEAE (From wild population, <i>B.</i> <i>muelleri</i> in Gippsland)	Dense shrub 1m x 1m. Full sun to semi-shade. Frost hardy and moderately drought resistant.	Pink flowers, very showy from August to December. Useful for rockeries and tubs.
<i>Brachyscome</i> ‘Strawberry Mousse’ ☞ ASTERACEAE # (<i>B. angustifolia</i> x <i>B. formosa</i>)	Groundcover 0.15m x 1m. Hardy in most soils with good drainage. Frost hardy and drought tolerant.	Showy pink daisy flowers from spring to autumn. Suitable for containers, hanging baskets, rockeries and as ground cover.
<i>Brachyscome iberidifolia</i> ASTERACEAE # Swan River Daisy (SA, WA, NT)	Much branched annual herb 0.3-0.5m x 0.3-1m. Adaptable under variable conditions but may suffer frost damage.	White 2cm daisy flowers from September to February. Pinnate glabrous leaves.
<i>Brachyscome multifida</i> ‘Alba’ (white form) ASTERACEAE	Neat plant 0.1m x 0.4m. Needs reasonable draining in full sun. Frost hardy to -7°C.	White daisy flowers, 2cm diameter in Spring and Summer. Suits baskets, rockeries, bedding. Prune old flowers for continuous display.
<i>Brachyscome multifida</i> ‘Amethyst’ ASTERACEAE # Cut Leaf Daisy	Bush perennial 0.2m x 0.4m. Very hardy in most situations but prefers reasonable drainage and full sun. Drought tolerant. Frost hardy to -7°C.	Lavender blue to purple flowers from Spring to Autumn. Dark green foliage and stems.

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<i>Brachyscome multifida</i> 'Roulette' ASTERACEAE #	Bush perennial 0.1-0.4m x 0.2-1m. Very hardy. Adaptable but prefers reasonable draining in full sun. Drought tolerant. Frost hardy to -7°C.	Bright blue-mauve daisy flowers most of the year – best in Spring/Summer. Rockery/groundcover. Spreads by branching and underground suckers. Prune old stems in early Spring.
<i>Bulbine bulbosa</i> ASPHODELACEAE # Bulbine Lily Local	Small tufted herb 0.4mH. Hardy. Adapts well to most positions and soils if ample water available. Dies back in winter.	Succulent leaves and butter-yellow flowers held above leaves, in spring. Good container plant.
<i>Callistemon ptyoides</i> 'Cobberas Dwarf' MYRTACEAE # (<i>C. ptyoides</i> native to Qld, NSW, Vic)	Dense, low shrub 1m x 1–2m. Hardy in most situations. Prune after flowering. Frost hardy to -7°C.	Creamy yellow flowers, late spring/early summer. Suits formal gardens, compact growth useful tall ground cover.
<i>Callitris endlicheri</i> CUPPRESSACEAE ### Black cypress pine (Qld NSW, ACT, Vic)	Conical tree to 10 m. Tolerates quite dry conditions Frost hardy to -7°C.	Slender globular cones 15-20 cm diameter. Dark green foliage. Good formal tree.
<i>Callitris monticola</i> CUPPRESSACEAE ## Dwarf Cypress Pine (Qld, NSW)	Compact, columnar shrub to 3m x 1m. Hardy in most situations. Grows in granite areas, sometimes sandstone Frost hardy to -7°C.	Globular cones 2 cm diameter, Attractive grey-green foliage, useful as foliage contrast or in formal gardens.
<i>Calytrix tetragona</i> (prostrate) MYRTACEAE # Fringe Myrtle (All states except NT)	Prostrate shrub 0.3m x 1m. Reliable in most well drained soils. Drought tolerant. Prune lightly after flowering. Frost hardy to -7°C. Water and regular light pruning are needed to avoid bare wood.	Bright green, heath-like foliage. Star-like flowers, white to deep pink August to November. Deep red calyces after flowering. Very hardy shrub for small gardens.
<i>Ceratopetalum gummiferum</i> 'Wildfire' ☞ CUNONIACEAE ### NSW Christmas Bush	Tall shrub or small tree to 6m x 3m. Well-drained soil, sunny position for good flowering. Needs overhead frost protection when young then OK to -4°C. Needs daily watering when first planted. Prune heavily to rejuvenate.	Large red bracts appear after flowering in early summer. Good cut flower. Moderately compact and suitable for large containers.
<i>Chamelaucium</i> 'Cascade Jewel' (<i>C. uncinatum</i>) MYRTACEAE ##	Tall shrub, 1.5 to 2.5m x 1.5m. Semi-shade or full sun. Well-drained soils. May be shaped and trimmed.	It has drooping branches and unusually large pink flowers with darker pink centres, spring and summer.
<i>Chamelaucium</i> 'Murfit Rose' (<i>C. uncinatum</i>) MYRTACEAE ## Geraldton Wax (WA)	Small, fast-growing open shrub to 3m x 4m. Perfect drainage essential, sandy soil preferred. Full sun for massed flowering. Give some overhead cover against frost.	Variable colour from white to deep purple waxy flowers in spring. Prune after flowering to maintain density and increase flower display. Excellent cut flower – long lasting.
<i>Chrysocephalum apiculatum</i> (silver form) ASTERACEAE # Yellow Buttons (All states)	Spreading perennial herb 0.2m x 0.5-2m. Full to part sun. Light, medium or heavy soils. Frost hardy to -7°C. Prune at end of winter for new growth. Can sucker.	Clusters of small bright yellow flowers most of year with a new flush in spring. Silvery, soft, hairy foliage. Good in massed plantings.

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<i>Cordyline stricta</i> AGAVACEAE ## Slender Palm Lily	Slender, upright multi-stemmed palm-like plant to 3m. Frost tender.	Indoor plant in Canberra; also striking plant in shady garden area. Small purplish flowers on long stems, fruits black.
<i>Coronidium elatum</i> (Syn <i>Helichrysum elatum</i>) Everlasting Daisy ASTERACEAE # (NSW incl ACT, Vic, Qld)	Biennial or perennial, erect herb, 0.5-1m x 0.3-1m. Prefers well-drained clay loam soils. Adaptable, from partial to full sun. Frost tolerant. Prune in late spring to improve flowering the next year.	White 'paper' daisy flowers with yellow centres, spring and summer. Leaves covered with silvery hairs. Cut flowers and for drying. Attracts bees, butterflies and other insects.
<i>Correa</i> 'Clearview Giant' (<i>C. reflexa</i> var. <i>speciosa</i>) RUTACEAE #-### (NSW, Vic)	Decumbent or erect shrub 0.5-1.5m high. Water when young. Frost hardy under dappled shade. Tip pruning essential to keep plant compact.	Red and green bell flowers from autumn into winter. Rockery or ground cover.
<i>Correa decumbens</i> ☞ RUTACEAE # Spreading Correa (SA)	Spreading prostrate shrub 1–3m wide. Most well-drained soils. Withstands long wet periods. Full sun or part shade. Frost hardy to -7°C.	Erect pink-red tubular flowers, 2.5cm long, with yellow-green tips, in winter. Use as living mulch. Good for rockeries. Bird attractant.
<i>Correa glabra</i> hybrid cream RUTACEAE ##	Rounded shrub 1m x 1m. Well-drained soil, full or semi-shade. Frost hardy to -7°C.	Profuse, cream flowers in winter. Smooth, rounded leaves. Good screen. Attracts birds.
<i>Correa lawrenceana</i> var <i>cordifolia</i> RUTACEAE # (From Lake Conjola to Eden)	Large shrub to 2-4m H. Medium to heavy soil, full share to part sun. Tolerates wet periods. Frost hardy and adaptable in cultivation.	Flowers usually red, bell-shaped, in winter. Leave are broad. Attracts birds.
<i>Correa reflexa</i> 'Kangaroo Island' ☞ RUTACEAE ##	Small shrub 1.5m x 1.5m. Medium frost tolerance. Well-drained soil.	Red bell-like flowers with green tips, late autumn, early spring. Leaves dark green, oval to round.
<i>Crowea</i> 'Cooper's Hybrid' ** ☞ RUTACEAE # (Cross between <i>C. exalta</i> and <i>C. saligna</i>)	Dense shrub 1.5m x 1m, with upright habit. Frost hardy and moderately drought hardy. Sun to semi-shade. Most well-drained soils. Water in dry conditions.	Dark, glossy leaves. Pink flowers November to May.
<i>Crowea</i> 'Pink Blush' ☞ (form of <i>C. exalata</i>) RUTACEAE #	Small to medium shrub 1m x 1.2m. Most well-drained soils. Prefers dappled shade or partial sun. Frost hardy to -7°C.	Pink buds open white and tinge to pink with age, flowers spring-autumn. Ideal for gardens or containers and as cut flower.
<i>Crowea</i> 'Poorinda Ecstasy' RUTACEAE #	Hardy small shrub 1m x 1m. Most well drained soils with partial sun or dappled shade. Frost hardy to -7°C. Drought tolerant. Light prune after flowering.	Pale pink, 2.5cm diameter flowers in leaf axils, December to May. Light green leaves.
<i>Darwinia citriodora</i> MYRTACEAE ## Lemon scented Myrtle (WA)	Low, spreading shrub to 1-1.5m x 1-1.5m. Full sun to part shade. Good drainage essential, Mulch well. Prune after flowering. Frost hardy with overhead cover.	White flowers to reddish tones, spring-summer. Leaves lemon scented, red tinted in autumn and winter. Best planted in groups of three or more for impact.
<i>Dichelachne crinita</i> POACEAE # Plumegrass (All states) (Carwoola provenance)Local	Medium tufted grass 1.0-1.2m x 0.3m. Full to part sun. Light, medium to heavy soils with reasonable drainage. Frost hardy to -7°C.	Tall flower stems Oct–Dec. Flower head is an attractive, dense, fluffy green/mauve plume, fading to cream. Feature grass for dry

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<i>Doryanthes excelsa</i> DORYANTHACEAE ## Gynea Lily (Central coast NSW)	Spectacular feature plant with leaves to 2m. Best in deep soils, reasonably drained soils in full sun or partial shade. Flower spike is damaged by frosts but foliage frost hardy.	Trumpet like flowers 6-7 years from seed. Large flower spikes to 6m with clusters of red flowers October to November in Canberra. Suitable for large gardens as rockery or specimen plant.
<i>Epacris longiflora</i> ☞ (red form) ERICACEAE #-## Fuchsia Heath/Native Fuchsia (NSW central coast)	Dwarf, straggly shrub 0.5–1.3m x 0.5m. Prefers well-drained, light to medium soils, in dappled, semi-shade or partial sun. Frost hardy to -7°C. Fine roots can be damaged in transplanting.	Tubular red corolla with white tips for most of year. Hard pruning of long arching branches promotes bushy growth. Suitable for containers or rockery.
<i>Gastrolobium celsianum</i> FABACEAE ## Poison/Swamp River Pea (South West WA)	Spreading (scrambling) medium shrub 1.5m x 3m. Needs good drainage in sun or semi-shade. Responds well to pruning. Frost hardy to -7°C.	Bright red pea flower with prominent keel, in spring. Useful tall ground cover. Generally considered poisonous to stock.
<i>Gompholobum latifolium</i> ☞ FABACEAE #-## Golden Glory Pea (Qld, NSW, Vic)	Small shrub with ascending to erect branches 1-2m x 0.6-1.5m. Requires fairly good drainage with dappled shade or part sun. Frost hardy to -7°C.	Very large, yellow pea flowers. Digitate, trifoliate leaves. Stalked pods. Very showy in flower. Can be grown in containers
<i>Grevillea 'Rosy Posy'</i> (A form of <i>G. rosmarinifolia</i>) PROTEACEAE ## (McDonald Park, WA)	Small compact shrub to 1.5m x 1.5m. Hardy and slow growing. Well drained soil in full to partial sun. Prune regularly. Frost hardy to -7°C. Drought tolerant.	Large pendulous racemes of rosy-pink flowers throughout the year, peaking between August and October. Attracts nectar feeding birds.
<i>Grevillea lanigera</i> PROTEACEAE # Woolly Grevillea (NSW)	Prostrate shrub providing dense, matting ground cover. Very hardy in moist light to heavy soils in sunny spot. Prune lightly. Frost hardy to -7°C.	Red and cream flowers in semi-erect clusters, late winter and spring. Bird attracting. Good container or rockery plant.
<i>Grevillea sp</i> ☞ PROTEACEAE ##	Medium rounded shrub 2.5m x 3m. Quite dense but ends of branches tend to weep. Current site is warm, well-drained, sheltered, mulched and faces east.	Dark reddish-orange flowers in ones and twos, in leaf axils, on slightly older wood. Leaves thin, light green, softly hairy.
<i>Hakea erecta</i> PROTEACEAE ## (WA)	Small, narrow, shrub. Requires excellent drainage, warm to hot aspects (against a wall is ideal). Hardy to moderate heavy frosts.	Flowers pink or cream, often profuse, conspicuous. Fairly sweet-scented.
<i>Hakea laurina</i> PROTEACEAE ## Pincushion Hakea (S/Western Australia)	Upright shrub or small tree to 5m x 3-10m. Full sun – most soils. Drought tolerant. Frost tender in new tip growth during autumn unless sheltered by trees. Cover young plants in winter.	Soft cardinal or cherry red flowers April to August. Attracts nectar feeding birds. Prune for shaping.
<i>Hibbertia empetrifolia</i> DILLENIACEAE ## Scrambling Guinea Flower (NSW, Vic, Tas)	Small to medium shrub up to 1-3m x 1-2m, trailing or climbing. Prefer open sunny spot. Responds well to pruning. Tolerates light to moderate frosts. Extra water in dry conditions.	Young growth dark, shiny green. Profuse yellow flowers Sept-Oct. Plants can resemble yellow mounds with the foliage scarcely visible. Can be trained on a fence.
<i>Isopogon anemonifolius</i> ☞ 'Little Drumsticks' PROTEACEAE # (Eastern NSW)	Dwarf compact shrub, 0.65m x 0.8m. Full to part sun. Most well-drained loamy to sandy soils. Hardy to most frosts and drought tolerant. Prune spent flowers.	Showy soft yellow flowers in winter to spring. Good cut flower and container plant. Attractive cones after flowers.

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<i>Kennedia prostrata</i> ☞ FABOIDEAE # Running Postman (Widespread in Sthn Australia)	Climbing or trailing plant 2.5m diameter. Hardy in moist well-drained soils.	Pea-shaped red flowers in spring. It is an excellent plant for cultivation in hanging baskets.
<i>Kunzea baxteri</i> MYRTACEAE # Common Kunzea (WA)	Open, spreading shrub to 3 m x 3m. Full sun to part shade in most soils. Needs some overhead protection from frost. Tip prune after flowering.	Bright red bottlebrush-like flowers in spring and summer. Attracts parrots to flowers and fruit. Aromatic foliage.
<i>Lasiopetalum baueri</i> ☞ MALVACEAE # Slender Velvet Bush (SA Yorke Peninsula)	Dwarf to small shrub, 0.7m x 1m. Very hardy, drought-resistant species. Well-drained soils, sunny or semi-shaded aspects. Responds well to pruning. Frost hardy to -7°C.	Grey-green leaves - young growth has rusty appearance. Pink, occasionally white, flowers in drooping racemes in spring and summer. Suitable for hedging or low screen plant. Good as a cut flower. Attracts bees, butterflies.
<i>Leionema phyllicifolia</i> (prostrate) RUTACEAE # (NSW, Vic)	Rounded, prostrate shrub 0.3-0.5m x 2m. Suitable for heavy shade. Needs well-drained soil. Frost tolerant - not drought tolerant.	Cream to yellow flowers in summer; flowers profusely. Prune to shape if needed.
<i>Leptospermum 'Julie Ann'</i> ☞ MYRTACEAE # Tea Tree (NSW)	Prostrate shrub 0.3mx1-2m. Full sun to part shade in moist well-drained soil. Withstands dry periods. Frost hardy.	Pale mauve flowers Oct-Dec. Responds well to pruning. A good cut flower.
<i>Leptospermum 'Pink Cascade'</i> MYRTACEAE #	Prostrate shrub 0.8m x 1m. Prefers well-drained soils with dappled shade. Flowers better with full sun. Appreciates little extra water in hot summers. Frost and drought tolerant.	Profuse, pink flowers 15mm in diameter, spring to early summer. Prune to keep in shape. Control webbing caterpillars with Dipel.
<i>Leptospermum minutifolium</i> ☞ MYRTACEAE ## (Qld, NSW)	Rounded open shrub 2m x 2m. Grows well in most aspects. Frost hardy to -7°C and drought tolerant once established. Prune for shape.	Pink buds opening to white flowers, spring and early summer. Attractive foliage. Good cut flower.
<i>Lomandra spicata</i> ASPARAGACEAE # Matt Rush (Qld, NSW)	Perennial herb forming a sparse to vigorous tussock. Thin strappy leaves 40-80cm long. Shade tolerant, grass-like, plant favouring a damp environment. Responds well to mulching and watering during dry periods. Tolerates light to moderate frosts.	Small cream flower spikes followed by orange seed capsules. Useful border plant in a shady position.
<i>Lomatia tinctoria</i> ☞ PROTEACEAE # Guitar Plant (Tas)	Small rounded shrub 1m x 0.6m. Most fairly well-drained acidic soils. Tolerates sunny or shady site. Frost hardy to -7°C. Withstands limited dry periods. Hard pruning will rejuvenate old plants and may induce suckering.	Fragrant cream flowers in late spring/summer, followed by dry fruits. Fine, fern-like, foliage. Good cut flower.
<i>Melaleuca 'Payne's Hybrid'</i> ☞ MYRTACEAE ## (WA)	Woody erect shrub 1-3m x 1-2m. Prefers sunny position in light soil with very good drainage. Needs overhead cover as is susceptible to very heavy frost. Needs extra water in dry periods.	Flowers in lateral spikes, brilliant red but there are also apricot and pink forms - Sept. to Oct.
<i>Melaleuca linariifolia</i> 'Seafoam' ☞ MYRTACEAE ## Snow-in-summer	Medium to large shrub 2.5m x 2m but may be taller. Suits most climates and soils; withstands poor drainage. Frost hardy.	Very showy, fluffy, white flowers cover the plant in spring and summer. Prune to shape. Will not flower in dry conditions.

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HEIGHT CODE: #=<1m ## =1–5m. ### =5–12m		
(SE Qld to SE NSW, Qld)		
<i>Melaleuca thymifolia</i> ‘Little Beauty’ MYRTACEAE # (Cultivar as a chance seedling of <i>M. thymifolia</i>)	Compact, dense, shrub 0.3m x 0.6m. Ordinary soil, enriched soil, mildly acidic to mildly alkaline. Pruning helps keep the plant more compact and assists in the production of more flowering wood. Frost hardy to -7°C.	Mauve flowers borne in dense clusters across the top of the plant as compared to the scattered axillary clusters of flowers found in the normal form of the species, mid-spring to mid-summer.
<i>Microlaena stipoides</i> POACEAE # Weeping Grass (All states) (Carwoola provenance) Local	Small to medium tufted or spreading grass. Thrives and spreads under regular grazing or mowing. Tolerant of low soil pH, shade, drought and poor soils.	Seed heads long and drooping. Flowers Nov-Feb. Good lawn potential.
<i>Micromyrtus ciliata</i> MYRTACEAE # - ## Fringed Heath Myrtle (Vic, NSW, SA, ACT) Local	Varies from prostrate to upright 0.3-1.2m x 0.2-3m. Dense growth. Prefer light well-drained soil, free from lime, sunny position. Withstands drought after established. Frost hardy.	Small, dark green leaves resembling a conifer. Tiny white flowers ageing to red, continuous display from spring to summer.
<i>Mirbelia oxylloboides</i> FABACEAE ## Sandstone Bushpea	Variable shrub 1.5m x 1m. Suitable for a variety of soils with reasonable drainage. Part sun. Frost hardy to -7°C.	Small stiff hairy leaves. Orange-yellow pea flowers in spring and summer.
<i>Myoporum ‘Monaro Marvel’</i> MYOPORACEAE # Local hybrid	Hardy open shrub, basically prostrate but mounds to plus/minus 30cm tall in the centre of the shrub x 2m. Reasonably drained soils in full sun/part shade. Frost hardy to -7°C. Drought hardy.	Pink buds and small white flowers, ageing to red.
<i>Myoporum parvifolium</i> (Fine leaf form) MYOPORACEAE # - ## Creeping Boobiella (Vic, SA, WA, Tas)	Hardy, attractive prostrate groundcover 1.5–2m. Sunny position in most well drained soils. Drought and frost hardy to -7°C.	Narrow fleshy leaves. White or pink star flowers spring and summer. Purple fruits. Good cover for banks.
<i>Nematolepis ovatifolia</i> (syn. <i>Phebalium ovatifolium</i>) RUTACEAE #-## (Kosciusko area)	Dwarf to small shrub 0.5-1.5m x 0.8-2m. Moisture retentive, freely draining acidic soils. Sunny or semi-shaded site. Mulch well for cool root run. Hardy to frost and snow. Try southerly or easterly aspect.	Profuse and conspicuous leafy sprays of flowers about 1cm across, buds often pink, opening white, November to February. Leaves broad and glossy.
<i>Olearia phlogopappa</i> (Pink flower form) ASTERACEAE ## (NSW, Vic, Tas) Local	Small shrub 1–2.5m x 1–2.5m. Semi-shaded site with freely draining, acidic soil. Regular watering. Frost hardy to -7°C. Prune for bushy growth. Quick growing; very hardy.	Massed pink daisy flowers in spring. Grey-green leaves. Can be long lived if it receives enough moisture.
<i>Patersonia sericea</i> ☞ IRIDACEAE # Silky Purple Flag (Qld, NSW, Vic)	Tufted perennial 0.2-0.5m x 0.1-0.3m. Full sun for best flowering, well-drained soil. Frost hardy to -7°C, drought tolerant.	Strappy leaves, large, dark purple flowers winter-summer. Floriferous, good in pots. Remove spent heads after flowering.
<i>Pelargonium rodneyanum</i> GERANIACEAE # Magenta Storkbill (SA, NSW, Vic)	Hardy perennial 0.3m x 0.5m. Roots develop tubers. Sunny or part-shaded, well-drained, acidic soils. Some moisture in summer and autumn but reduce water in winter. Semi-drought tolerant. Prune hard during winter. Frost hardy to -7°C.	Magenta flowers borne above leaves, May to September. Rockery or groundcover plant. May self-seed but easy removal prevents it becoming invasive.
<i>Philotheca ‘Poorinda’</i> RUTACEAE ## (Possible cross <i>P. myoporoides</i> and <i>P. verrucosa</i>)	Small to medium shrub 1.5m x 0.8m. Full sun to dappled shade in most soils. Frost and drought hardy. Prune yearly to retain bushy form.	Bright pink buds opening to white with a pink tinge. Flowers from spring to summer. Scented foliage. Cut flower. Attracts insects.

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<i>Philotheca myoporoides</i> 'Bournda Beauty' ☞ (Form of <i>P. myoporoides</i>) RUTACEAE # Wax Flower	Very hardy small bushy shrub 0.6m x 0.6m. Grows in full or part sun, in most well-drained soils, including coastal. Tolerates dry conditions and moderate frosts.	Star-like, waxy, white flowers cover branches in winter and spring. Thick grey-green aromatic leaves. Cut flower. Butterflies and other insects.
<i>Philotheca myoporoides</i> 'Profusion' (Form of <i>P. myoporoides</i>) RUTACEAE ## Wax Flower	Compact shrub, 1.5m x 1.5m. Prefers full sun to dappled shade. Most soils, reasonable drainage, mulch well. Frost hardy to -7C. Drought tolerant. Can be pruned after flowering.	Masses of pink buds opening to white starry flowers, winter-spring. Good cut flower. Can be grown in container. Bees, butterflies, other insects. Feature plant.
<i>Philotheca myoporoides</i> ☞ (syn <i>Eriostemon myoporoides</i>) RUTACEAE ## Long-leaf Wax Flower (Qld, NSW, Vic)	Attractive, variable shrub, 1–2m x 2m. Very hardy in most conditions. Full or part sun. Frost hardy to -7°C. Can be lightly pruned.	Profuse pink to white star flowers in spring. Long flowering season. Scented foliage. Attracts bees. Can be used as an informal hedge.
<i>Philotheca myoporoides</i> ssp. <i>myoporoides</i> RUTACEAE ## Long-leaf Wax flower (Vic, NSW, Qld, ACT)	Shrub 1.5-4m x 1.5-4m. Semi to dappled shade. Can grow in full sun provided it doesn't dry out. Drought hardy once established. Can be affected by sooty mould (can be washed off with cotton wool and water or treated with white oil).	Flowers mainly July to October. Dark green leaves are faintly warty and aromatic. Attracts insects.
<i>Pimelea ferruginea</i> 'Magenta Mist' THYMELAEACEAE # - ## Rice Flower (Form of <i>P. ferruginea</i>)(WA)	Small, rounded shrub to 1m x 1m. Well-drained, loamy, sandy, soil. Sunny or part shade. Tolerates light frost. Prune off old flowers when finished to encourage more dense growth habit.	Deep pink (magenta) flowers in terminal clusters in spring. Feature plant with attractive foliage. Bees, butterflies, other insects. Cut flower.
<i>Podocarpus lawrencei</i> PODOCARPACEAE #-## Mountain Plum Pine	Low to large spreading shrub. Local alpine plant. One of Australia's few native conifers. Frost hardy and likes full sun. Tolerant of most soils but prefers freely draining, acidic, soil. Light pruning to give desired shape and encourage faster growth.	Attractive foliage. Dioecious. Small red berries on female plants, pink-purplish cones on male. Leaves are narrow and give a resinous pine-like aroma. Feature plant and groundcover in rockery. Suitable for containers.
<i>Polyscias sambucifolia</i> ☞ ARALIACEAE ## Elderberry Panax (forested coastal areas NSW, to sub-alpine regions)	Shrub 3m x 5m. Needs some shade. Regular weekly watering over summer. Grows in all but very sandy soil and can stand wet soils for some time but prefers mulched, well-drained soils. Frost hardy to -4°C.	Attractive foliage plant with blue-grey succulent fruit in summer. Flowers in large sprays are pale green but insignificant.
<i>Pomaderris obcordata</i> RHAMNACEAE # Wedge-leaved Pomaderris (Vic, SA)	Compact, low shrub 1m x 1m. Good drainage and semi-shade or full sun. Hardy to moderate frost and extended dry periods. Responds very well to light to medium pruning.	Very ornamental. Small white to pink flowers in tight terminal clusters, often profuse and conspicuous July to September. Densely greyish-hairy young growth.
<i>Pultenaea subspicata</i> ☞ FABACEAE # Low Bush Pea	Low shrub to 0.4m. Full sun. Frost hard, drought tolerant.	Pea flowers in spring.

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(S-Qld, NSW, ACT) Local		
<i>Rhagodia spinescens</i> CHENOPODIACEAE #-## Hedge, Spiny or Thorny Saltbush (All mainland states)	Variable shrub to 1.5m, upright or spreading with some branches ending in spines. Sunny position in most soils. Hardy to most frosts and dry conditions. Prune/clip regularly.	Insignificant flowers most of year. Small red berries. Good low-maintenance ground cover. Grey leaves give useful foliage contrast. Low hedging and erosion control.
<i>Rhodanthe anthemoides</i> (N/NSW form) ASTERACEAE # Chamomile Sunray	Small, compact, native daisy, 15-30cm tall. Grows ideally in deep garden beds but will tolerate shallow sandy soils provided fertiliser and water are adequate. For ideal growth plant on eastern side of garden for morning sun. Does not tolerate deep shade or extremely dry and hot conditions.	Abundant white flowers. Buds appear in winter and open in early spring and summer. Trim the plant after the first flowers have withered to maintain leafy form and encourage second flowering.
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala ssp. rosea</i> (syn <i>Helipterum roseum</i>) ASTERACEAE # Pink and white Everlasting (WA, SA)	Erect annual herb 0.2-0.64m. Appreciates well-prepared soil and full sun. Protect seedlings from heavy frosts. Mass plant in swathes. Pinch out growing stems to encourage bushy habit and more flowers.	Long-lived flowers that dry well, August to November. The colour of the bracts varies from deep pink through pale pink to pure white, with a yellow or black centre.
<i>Rytidosperma laeve</i> POACEAE # Smooth Wallaby Grass	Perennial, tufted grass, to about 1m high. Adapted conditions from very hard shallow soils to more fertile areas. Generally does not tolerate waterlogging, but are very tolerant of soil acidity.	Narrow leaf blades. The spikelets 4–6-flowered, greenish tinged with purple – spring and autumn
<i>Scaevola ‘Mauve Clusters’</i> ☞ (form of <i>S. aemula</i>) GOODENIACEAE # Fairy Fan Flower	Prostrate, suckering plant to 0.2m x 2m. Moist, well-drained position, full or part sun. Mulch well. Light frost hardy.	Fragrant mauve fan flowers, spring-autumn. Hardy groundcover. Good cut flower. Can be grown in containers. Butterflies.
<i>Scaevola alba</i> GOODENIACEAE # Fan Flower (SA, Vic, NSW, Qld)	Mostly prostrate, perennial herb forming a dense mat to 50cm high. Moist well-drained position. Full to part sun. Frost hardy to -7°C.	Mauve fan-shaped flowers August to October. Spreads vegetatively by root suckers. Benefits from pruning. Good rockery plant.
<i>Senecio anethifolius ssp. brevibracteolatus</i> ☞ ASTERACEAE #-## Feathery Groundsel (NSW, SA)	Dwarf to small, usually erect shrub 0.5-2m x 0.3-m. Prefers warm to hot sunny site with free-draining soil. Tolerates extended dry periods and is hardy to moderate frosts. Pruning rejuvenates plants with new growth emerging from old wood.	Terminal, yellow flower-heads August to November. Ornamental, fine grey foliage.
<i>Swainsona galegifolia</i> FABACEAE # Darling Pea (Vic, NSW, Qld)	Relatively open, perennial bush to about 3m x 0.5m. Prefers well drained soils, but Canberra clay OK. Survives in Canberra with frosted tips. Cut back old stems when new growth appears in spring.	Mauve pea flowers from late spring to first frosts. Balloon like pods usually green, but can turn pink from cold.
<i>Telopea ‘Canberry Gem’</i> ☞ PROTEACEAE ## Waratah (Central southern tablelands)	Upright shrub 2-3m x 1-2m. Grows in sunny or light shade. Needs well drained, sandy, acidic, low phosphorus soils with assured moisture. Sunny or lightly shaded site. Tolerates moderate	Large bright red 15cm flowers. Large leathery leaves.

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NSW)	frost.	
<i>Telopea truncata</i> ☞ PROTEACEAE ## Tasmanian Waratah (Tas mountainous areas)	Stout upright shrub or small tree 3-4m x 1-2m. Though it requires good drainage, it also needs ample moisture to thrive and soil with some clay content and the addition of a rich leaf compost or similar material is beneficial. If other soil is add to the site, always incorporate it into the existing soil. Semi-shaded position or at least some shade from afternoon sun. Frost tolerant.	Terminal red clusters consisting of 15-20 florets. Flowers can be cut for indoors or removed from the plant after flowering has finished by cutting the canes back to at least half their length. Do not let seed set unless wanted as their formation saps a lot of strength from the plant.
<i>Teucrium argutum</i> LAMIACEAE # Native Germander (Coast to inland from Dubbo north)	Dwarf perennial herb 0.5-0.9m x 0.5m. Dry between watering. Rejuvenate by moderate to heavy pruning after flowering. Tolerates heavy frosts.	Deep pinkish purple flowers early summer to early winter. Leaves mint-like but no perfume. Good for borders or mass plantings.
<i>Westringia</i> ‘Morning Light’ LAMIACEAE # (Sutherland shire NSW)	Variegated, small, compact shrub to 1m x 1m. Hardy in most reasonably drained soils. Prune regularly to shape. Frost hardy to -7°C.	White flowers, not prolific, most of year. Leaves surrounded by cream band making useful accent plant.
<i>Westringia</i> ‘Smokie’ LAMIACEAE ##	Hardy shrub 0.6–1.3m x 1.5m. Most reasonably well-drained soils in full or part-sun. Frost hardy to -7°C.	Silver-grey leaves with cream edges and white flowers in spring and summer. Attractive rockery plant.
<i>Westringia glabra</i> ☞ (Compact form) LAMIACEAE # Violet Westringia (Qld, NSW, Vic)	Dwarf to small bushy shrub 0.5-1.3m x 1-2m. Most well-drained acidic soils in part shade. Good under eucalypts. Drought and frost hardy to -7°C.	Attractive green elliptical leaves in whorls with bluish-mauve flowers in spring.
<i>Westringia rigida</i> LAMIACEAE ### (Qld, NSW, Vic, SA, WA)	Small, open shrub 0.3-1m x 0.3-1m. Good drainage in full sun and most light to medium soils. Can withstand frosts and extended dry periods.	Stiff, tangled, branches and linear hairy leaves. Flowers pale mauve tones with orange to reddish spots, mainly August to November.
<i>Zieria littoralis</i> Dwarf Zieria (formerly incl. in <i>Z. cytisoides</i>) RUTACEAE #-### (NSW, Vic, Tas)	Compact shrub 0.5–2m x 1.5m. Prefers full sun. Needs good air circulation to avoid mildew. Prune after flowering to keep denser. Frost hardy.	White or pink starry flowers in spring. Very furry, soft grey trifoliate leaves. Good contrast plant for mass plantings

Notes: Australian plants are adapted to grow in our ancient, impoverished soils, and one family, the Proteaceae family, which includes **banksias**, **grevilleas**, **hakea** and **telopea (waratahs)**, are very efficient at extracting phosphorus from the soil. If you add the wrong type of fertiliser, you can actually poison them by adding too much phosphorus. Instead use a fertiliser specially formulated for Australian plants to grow them successfully.

While the cost of plants remains at \$5, a number of advanced plants are being offered at a cost of \$10 each. Grasses are \$3.