

2022 August SALE DESCRIPTIONS OF PLANTS

Sizes are given as height x width

Plants grown from seed may vary in form due to the possibility of hybridization

***Acacia cognata* 'Green Mist'**

Family: Fabaceae

Dense shrub, weeping habit 1m x 2m. Pale yellow ball flowers. Long narrow, fine and pendulous, lime green foliage. Full sun to part shade; well-drained, moist soil. Frost tolerant to -7°C , but protect from frost when young; drought tolerant. Attractive weeping form, very suitable for small gardens.

Acacia howitii (compact form)

Family: Fabaceae

Common name: Sticky Wattle

Small upright tree 3.5m x 2-3m. Dark green leaves, slightly sticky. Yellow balls in spring; Pods are 4-6 cm long and 5 mm wide. Partial or full sun; well drained light to medium soil. Frost hardy to -7°C ; Drought tolerant. Very hardy but has potential to be a weed.

Acacia floribunda

[from seed]

Family: Fabaceae

Common name: Gossamer Wattle

Open, bushy, graceful, dense medium tree 3-11m x 2-15m. Scented globular cream-yellow rods in spring. Long thin seed pods in summer. Green, narrow, linear, elliptical leaves, 10cm long. Needs full sun, well drained soils. Prune to hedge or screen. Hardy to moderate frost tolerance. Drought tolerant – minimal watering. Bushy fast growing screen tree. Coastal plant.

Allocasuarina nana

Family: Casuarinaceae

Common name: Dwarf She-oak

Small, woody shrub 1m x 3m; dense shape. Female flowers are red; male flowers are brown; 1cm nobby cones. Leaves needle-like. Full or filtered sun; most reasonably drained soils are suitable; no pruning required. Frost hardy to -7°C ; drought tolerant. Excellent foliage contrast; good screen or low hedge.

***Alyogyne huegelii* 'Karana'**

Family: Malvaceae

Shrub 1.5 x 1.5m. Masses of mauve, showy hibiscus-type flowers. Hairy lobed leaves. Sunny to semi-shaded position; well drained soil. Responds well to pruning after flowering. Needs some frost protection and water when dry. Fast growing hedge or screen. May be container grown.

***Alyogyne huegelii* 'West Coast Gem'**

Family: Malvaceae

Common name: Lilac Hibiscus

Open, rounded shrub 2.5m x 2.5m. Deep purple flowers late spring to late autumn. Protected, full sun position with well-drained soil. Tolerates light frosts; drought hardy. Prune from young age to promote a dense habit and strong root system. Prune hard after the main flowering flush in late spring. Performs well in pots.

Austromyrtus dulcis

Family: Myrtaceae

Common name: Midgen, Midgen Berry

Ground cover, spreading 0.6m x 1.4m. White flowers 7-10mm diameter. In its natural habitat flowers spring and summer; in Canberra summer to mid-autumn. The fruits are berries, white and covered in small blue-black spots, giving a mauve appearance; edible and sweet. Glossy dark green leaves, copper-coloured and silky when new. In full sun forms dense spreading shrub to 40cm x 1.4m; in more shaded areas becomes a more open ground cover. Requires an assured moisture level and some overhead tree shelter in areas of severe frosts.

Austromyrtus tenuifolia

Family: Myrtaceae

Common name: Narrow Leaf Myrtle

Rounded shrub 1-2m x 1.5m. White flowers in late spring to early summer. Fruit is edible (makes an interesting jam). Prefers sun to dappled shade and moist conditions. Flowers better if it receives supplementary watering or plenty of rain in the months leading up to flowering. Tolerates light frost.

Backhousia myrtifolia**Family: Myrtaceae**

Large, dense, bushy shrub to small tree 3-7m x 2-4m. Aromatic, ovate-lanceolate, dark green leaves. Bears white flowers in summer with persistent greenish sepals. Overhead cover preferred; rich composted soil; prune to shape. Needs some protection from frost when young; water in dry periods. Good host for orchids.

Baeckea diosmifolia x imbricata**Family: Myrtaceae**

Shrub 0.3-1.0m x 0.3m. Solitary, small white flowers (<5mm diameter) with 5 white petals, spring to summer. Small aromatic leaves, 'somewhat broader' than for *B. diosmifolia*. Needs good drainage; prune after flowering. Frost hardy to -7°C.

Banksia ericifolia* 'Kanangara Gold'*Family: Proteaceae**

Bushy, gold flowering form to 4m high. Leaves linear, to 20 mm x 1-2 mm. Can grow in clay and moist soils, but needs drainage. Slow growing. Does best in a sunny spot. Some degree of salt tolerance, moderately frost tolerant. Bird attracting.

Banksia marginata**Family: Proteaceae**

Rounded, compact shrub or small tree 1-2m x 2m with pale yellow flowers and silver backed, oblong leaves with small serrations. Suited to most positions, needs well drained soil. Frost hardy to -7°C and drought tolerant. Prune to shape, holds shape well. Nectar producing, wildlife attracting, useful screen or windbreak.

Banksia oblongefolia**Family: Proteaceae**

Common name: Fern-leaved, Dwarf or Rusty Banksia

Fairly open, multi-stemmed shrub, 1-1.5m x 1-1.5m. Flowers in autumn and winter, blue-grey to green-yellow in bud opening to yellow. Leaves alternate oblong or obviate 5-11 cm long, 1.5-2 cm wide, new leaves covered with rusty fur. Prefers well drained soil, in full sun or dappled shade. Needs pruning. May need extra water in dry weather, not frost tolerant but tolerant to salt spray. Bird attracting.

Banksia serrata* 'Pygmy Possum'*Family: Proteaceae**

Small mound-shaped shrub, with arching branches 1.6m x 2.5m. Yellow/cream flowers, late summer and autumn. Serrated leaves, similar to *Banksia serrata* but smaller. Sun or light shade; well-drained soil preferred. Frost hardy to -7°C; drought tolerant. Prune if necessary. Suitable for coastal areas; also suitable for bonsai.

Banksia spinulosa* 'Birthday Candles'*Family: Proteaceae**

Low growing, cushion shaped shrub 0.5m x 1m. Short orange spikes with reddish styles, from autumn. Full sun results in better flowering; needs well-drained soil. Frost tolerant; drought tolerant. Lightly prune to shape anytime. Special features: rockery; container; coastal; attracts birds.

Banksia spinulosa var. collina**Family: Proteaceae**

Common name: Hill Banksia

Medium to tall spreading shrub 1-4m x 1-5m. Gold flowers with purplish styles, Feb. – July. Leaves dentate with recurved margins. Full sun results in better flowering; well-drained soil. Pruning promotes more branch joints, hence more flowering points. Frost hardy to -7°C; drought tolerant.

Brachyscome multifida* 'Amethyst'*Family: Asteraceae**

Bushy groundcover 0.2m x 0.4 m. Lavender blue to purple flowers, spring to autumn. Best in full sun, tolerates part shade; any soil type. Prune in late spring to remove spent flowers. Frost hardy to -7°C and drought tolerant.

Brachyscome multifida* 'Breakoday'*Family: Asteraceae**

Bushy perennial herb; dense, prostrate 0.4m x 1m. Blue-mauve daisy flowers, 2cm across occur most of the year but best in spring and summer. Prefers reasonable drainage in full sun; prune old stems in early spring. Frost tolerant to -7°C; drought tolerant. Suits baskets, rockery. Spreads by branching and underground suckers.

Brachyscome multifida* 'Roulette'*Family: Asteraceae**

Prostrate bushy perennial herb. 0.1-0.4m x 0.2 -1m. Blue-mauve flowers throughout the year, best in spring and summer. Frost tolerant to -7°C; drought tolerant. Spreads by branching and underground suckers.

Brachyscome multifida (white form)

Family: Asteraceae

Dense, prostrate groundcover 0.1-0.4m x 0.2-0.4m. Large white daisy flowers, most of year but best in spring and summer. Prefers reasonable drainage in full sun. Tolerates light frosts; drought tolerance is low. Prune old flowers for continuous display. Suits baskets, rockery. Spreads by branching and underground suckers.

Callistemon citrinus 'Splendens'

Family: Myrtaceae

Large rounded and compact shrub 2–3m x 2-3m. Prolific brilliant red flowers, spring to summer; spikes 12cm x 7cm. New growth pinkish and slightly hairy. Full sun to light shade; most soils. Tolerates light frost; drought resistant. One of the best red callistemons; fast growing; bird-attracting.

Callistemon montanus

Family: Myrtaceae

Common name: Mountain Bottlebrush

Small to medium shrub; erect or sprawling 2-4m x 1-2m. Bright red, squat bottlebrush flowers, Sep-Nov. Green leaves with attractive reddish new growth. Adaptable to most conditions and most soils; prune to shape and for new foliage. Frost hardy to –7°C.

Callistemon viminalis 'Hannah Ray'

Family: Myrtaceae

Weeping small tree 5m x 2-3m. Pendulous, bright crimson brushes in spring and autumn. Woody capsules containing seeds. Narrow leaves; pink tinged new growth. Adapts to most soils; sunny semi-shaded position. Water during dry spells. Protect from frost when young. Excellent screen tree.

Callistemon 'Dawson River Weeper'

Family: Myrtaceae

Tall spreading shrub or small tree 5m x 5m. Bushy, weeping, pendulous branches reaching to the ground. Red bottlebrush flowers, 90mm long and 50mm wide, mainly in spring and autumn. Sets copious amounts of seed capsules. Long narrow-lanceolate green leaves. Sunny position. Tolerates most soils, even poorly drained. Needs ample water as dry spells may cause defoliation. Prune in summer. Moderately frost hardy. Bird attracting. Excellent specimen tree.

Callistemon 'Purple Splendour'

Family: Myrtaceae

Large shrub 2–3m x 1.5–2.5m. Profuse purple flowers spring to autumn. New leaves pinkish and slightly hairy. Sun or light shade; most soils. Tolerates light frost; drought tolerant. Can be used as a hedge or a screen; also suitable to bonsai; suitable for coastal gardens.

Calothamnus quadrifidus

Family: Myrtaceae

Common name: One-sided Bottlebrush, Common Net Bush

Upright, medium shrub, to 2.5m x 2.5m. Red, long, one-sided flower spikes in spring-summer. Green or grey, often hairy, pine-like leaves. Well drained soil, full sun to partial shade. Protect from frost when young. Ornamental, screening, bird attracting.

Ceratopetalum gummiferum

Family: Cunoniaceae

Common name: NSW Christmas Bush

Rounded, fairly compact shrub or small tree, 6m x 3m. Flowers soft cream clusters then red sepals in early summer (January in Canberra). light green, glossy, thin leaves, each consisting of three leaflets with finely toothed margins. Attractive red, starry bracts 6 weeks after flowers; good cut flower. Well drained but moist soil; sunny position for good flowers, protect from wind. Young plants can get frosted; slightly drought tolerant, new plants need water. Prune heavily to rejuvenate.

Chamelaucium uncinatum 'Purple Pride'

Family: Myrtaceae

Common name: Geraldton Wax

Open shrub 2.5m x 4m, with linear leaves and large, open dark and light purple flowers. Prefers full sun and sandy soils. Needs cover from frost; drought tolerant. Prune regularly to maintain density and increase flower display. Excellent cut flower.

Chrysocephalum apiculatum

Family: Asteraceae

Common name: Yellow Button

Spreading perennial herb 0.15m x 0.5-2m. Attractive ground cover, flowering for most of the warmer months. Small, golden yellow flowers, silver leaves. Full to part sun, most well drained soils. Frost hardy to –7°C, drought tolerant. Prune at end of winter for new growth.

***Chrysocephalum apiculatum* 'Bridgewater Bay'**

Family: Asteraceae

Spreading perennial herb 0.15m x 0.5-2m. Attractive ground cover, flowering for most of the warmer months. Small, golden yellow flowers, green/grey leaves. Full to part sun, most well drained soils. Frost hardy to -7°C, drought tolerant. Prune at end of winter for new growth.

Coprosma quadrifida

Family: Rubiaceae

Common name: Prickly Currant-bush

Erect shrub with slender branches, 2-8m high. Crowded, small, variable leaves. Tiny, greenish flowers, followed by bright red fruit. Needs protected semi-shaded position in moist soil. Tolerates salt, poor drainage and seasonal waterlogging. Drought sensitive. Fire-retardant plant; windbreak or screening plant; food source and habitat for native fauna.

Correa alba

Family: Rutaceae

Woody rounded shrub 1.5m x 1m. White (rarely pink) flowers in winter. Glaucous green-grey leaves. Hardy in well-drained soils, flowering best in full sun. Very resistant to salt spray. Frost hardy. Bird attracting. Useful for floral arrangements.

***Correa alba* (prostrate form)**

Family: Rutaceae

Woody rounded shrub, 0.4 m x 0.5m. White flowers in winter, but some flowers over most of the year. Glaucous green/grey leaves, almost round, to 4cm. Hardy in well drained soils, flowering best in full sun. Very resistant to salt spray. Frost hardy; bird attracting; useful for floral arrangements.

***Correa glabra* 'Coliban River'**

Family: Rutaceae

Small dense shrub 1.2 x 1.2 m. Large number of pale green flowers in autumn and winter. Narrow leaves, three centimetres long, glossy on top and paler below; aromatic. Grows best in full sun to part shade in most well drained soils. Frost tolerant; will withstand periods of dry once established. Tip prune to maintain compact form. Makes an excellent low growing hedge for difficult conditions and the compact nature of this plant makes it very useful for smaller gardens.

Correa lawrenceana* var. *grampiana

Family: Rutaceae

Common name: Grampians Mountain Correa

Large shrub to 2.5m. Tubular flowers, hairy and yellow-green. Leaves are about 40mm x 17mm; dark green on the upper surface, the lower surface is covered with hairs. Grows on rocky woodlands. Frost hardy; drought tolerant. Attracts birds.

***Correa* 'Cane's Hybrid'**

Family: Rutaceae

Low spreading shrub 0.6 m x 1m. Prominent pale pink/cream tubular flowers in winter. Hairy leaves. Suits most soils with reasonable drainage; dappled shade or part sun. Frost tolerant to -7°C. Protect root zone from hot sun. Great for small gardens and pots. Prune to shape. A vigorous cultivar.

***Correa* 'Dusky Bells'**

Family: Rutaceae

Small evergreen compact shrub 1m x 2-4m. Can be pruned to shape and size. 2.5 cm long pink bell flowers. Prefers a shady spot; well-drained soil. Frost and drought tolerant. Bird attracting. (*C.reflexa* x *C.pulchella*).

***Correa* 'Ivory Bells'**

Family: Rutaceae

Dense shrub 1.5m x 1.5m with profuse long-flowering, cream bells. Attracts honey-eating birds. Needs moist, well-drained soils. Hardy under cultivation, particularly in a protected position. Will tolerate full sun and extended dry periods once established. Prune regularly. Frost tolerant to -7°C; drought tolerant.

***Correa* 'Marians Marvel'**

Family: Rutaceae

Open hardy shrub 1-2m x 3m. Flowers pale pink upper, pale green lower, from Feb. to Oct. Grows in most situations, preferring filtered sun but will grow in full sun. Frost hardy and requires extra water in extended dry periods. Suitable as a hedge. (*C.reflexa* x *C. backhouseana*).

***Correa* 'Vanilla Ice'**

Family: Rutaceae

Very dense low-growing spreading shrub 0.8m x 2m. Frosty white bells with ribbed petals and recurved tips, summer to winter. Strongly veined, apple green heart-shaped leaves. Well-drained soils in full sun to part shade. Very frost and drought hardy. Suits foreground planting in the garden or as a filler between other larger shrubs. Prune annually to maintain shape.

***Crowea exalata* 'Southern Stars'**

Family: Rutaceae

Low, spreading shrub 0.6m x 0.6m. Mauve-pink flowers in summer, autumn and winter. Needs full sun to half shade and mulching. Suits most soils. Frost tolerant to -7°C.

Darwinia diosmoides

Family: Myrtaceae

Erect, dense shrub, 0.3-1.2m x 1m. White flowers, grouped into head, from Jan to Jul or May to Dec. Leaves are small needles, fleshy and soft to touch, arranged neatly around stem. Hardy plant that can grow in heavier soils, although prefers sandy soils. Drought tolerant, frost tolerant, salt tolerant. Long-lasting flowering period particularly with reliable rainfall.

Diselma archeri

Family: Cupressaceae

Common name: Cheshunt Pine

Erect, bushy shrub 2m x 1.5m. Very small male and female cones on separate plants. Very small, deep green leaves. Needs well composted soil and plenty of moisture, in both full sun and deep shade. Very hardy, slow growing. Frost hardy to -7°C. Suitable for large rockery or as potted plant.

Dodonaea viscosa* subsp *spatulata* x *angustissima

Family: Sapindaceae

Common name: Narrow-leaved Hopbush

Erect, bushy shrub with fine, delicate foliage 2-4m x 1.5m. Plants may be male or female. Male plants have pretty circlets of anthers and female plants have colourful fruits in autumn. Needs well drained soil in partial or full sun. Tolerates frosts and droughts. Local plant.

***Epacris longiflora* 'Nectar Pink'**

Family: Ericaceae

Dwarf, upright, straggly shrub 0.5-1.3m x 0.5m. Pink flowers with lighter tips, most of the year. Dappled, semi-shade or partial sun; needs well-drained, light to medium soils; can be pruned. Frost hardy to -7°C. Suitable for containers and rockeries. Bird attracting.

Eremophila alternifolia

Family: Scrophulariaceae

Common name: Narrow-Leaved Emu Bush

Small to medium shrub to 3m x 1-3m. Flowers usually pink/red, but white and yellow forms known; up to 25 mm long and tubular in shape. Mainly occur in spring but sporadic flowering may occur at other times. Rounded fruits about 6 mm in diameter. Leaves 10-50 mm long, usually linear and often sticky to the touch. : Grows well in dry climates on a variety of soils which must have good drainage. Prefers full sun. Will tolerate at least moderate frosts; a tough plant for dry conditions. Attracts nectar loving birds and insects.

***Eremophila nivea* 'Gubburra Bells'**

Family: Scrophulariaceae

Small to large shrub, 0.8-2m x 0.5-2m. Flowers are vibrant lilac and bloom in spring through to winter. Leaves and branches are covered in soft white hairs that are so dense they make the leaves and branches look grey. Requires dry, sunny position, well drained, loamy or sandy loam clay soil. Tolerates light frost, drought resistant. Feature plant, with silver foliage and mauve flowers. Good screen. Attracts bees, nectar-eating birds and butterflies.

Ficus coronata

Family: Moraceae

Medium sized tree up to 15m tall. Produces inverted inflorescence fertilized by fig wasp. Fruit ripen from Jan to June. Leaves are hairy and very rough. Hardy, tolerates cold climates, poor soils and poor light conditions. Will tolerate heavy pruning, can be shaped or hedged. Protect from frosts when young. Will grow as indoor plant and excellent bonsai plant. Edible fruit, purple-black when ripe, attractive to birds.

Grevillea asplenifolia

Family: Proteaceae

Common name: Fern Leaf Grevillea

Large shrub with spreading horizontal branches, 3m x 6m. A toothbrush grevillea – the flowers are a deep to dull red in colour, 6 cm long, one-sided racemes. Flowers in spring to summer. Leaves are long (up to 30cm) and narrow (less than 3cm). Needs well drained soil, full sun or partial shade.; prune after flowering. Can withstand heavy pruning. Frost tolerant to -7°C. Drought tolerant once established. Excellent screen or hedge plant.

***Grevillea lanigera* (prostrate form)**

Family: Proteaceae

Common name: Woolly Grevillea

Ground cover 1.5m wide. Red and cream flowers in semi-erect clusters; late winter and spring. Grey-green, "woolly" foliage. Sun; moist, light to heavy soils; light pruning. Frost hardy to -7°C. Bird attracting. Good container or rockery plant. Hardy.

Grevillea x gaudichaudii**Family: Proteaceae**

Dense, prostrate shrub 0.1-0.3m x 3m. Deep red-burgundy flowers. Fern-like foliage, reddish bronze when new, changing to dark green. Moist, well-drained soil in sun or light shade. Frost and drought tolerant once established. Slow release native fertiliser in spring. Prune lightly after flowering to keep tidy. Useful as a groundcover beneath trees, cascading down an embankment or over a retaining wall.

Grevillea 'Hunter Beauty'**Family: Proteaceae**

Ground cover shrub 0.3m x 4m. Bright pink flowers with green styles; August-September. Deep green leaves; bronze new growth. Shade tolerant. Needs overhead cover. Prune to shape. Not frost tolerant; moderately drought hardy but may suffer stress if temperatures rise above 35°C. Suitable for banks and rockeries. Cultivar (*G. asplenifolia* x *G. laurifolia*)

Grevillea 'Poorinda Diadem'**Family: Proteaceae**

Upright evergreen shrub 2-3m x 2-3m. Clusters of buff apricot and yellow flowers in late winter. Suits most well-drained soils. Drought hardy; frost resistant. Free flowering and bird attracting.

Gynatrix pulchella**Family: Malvaceae**

Common name: Hemp Bush, Aboriginal Hemp

Quick growing but relatively short-lived dioecious shrub, to 4-5m x 2m. White or cream flowers in small clusters, mid spring. Leaves ovate with a heart-shaped base. Tough plant. Prefers semi-shade but tolerates full sun. Suitable for re-vegetating creek banks.

Hakea 'Burrendong Beauty'**Family: Proteaceae**

Sprawling shrub 1.5m x 3m. Bright pink clusters of flowers in winter and early spring. Rigid, prickly, elliptical leaves about 4cm long. Needs Good drainage, full sun; some pruning recommended to control sprawl. Frost tolerant to -7C. Hardy, bird attracting.

Hardenbergia comptoniana**Family: Fabaceae**

Common name: Native Wisteria

Climber or groundcover 3m x 3m. Purple racemes in winter and spring with dark, glossy green trifoliolate leaves. Needs sun or light shade, tolerates most soils, including lime-stone; well-drained. Frost tolerant. Can be pruned. Ideal for trellis or small pergola; dense ground-cover.

Hibbertia empetrifolia**Family: Dilleniaceae**

Common name: Trailing Guinea Flower

Scrambling shrub 0.3- 1.2m x 0.6m. Many yellow flowers in spring, September to October, shiny, dark green leaves, 3-10mm long. In a shady position, shrubs stay dense but grow more slowly than those in an open, sunny spot; tolerates all soils, except very wet. Frost tolerant; hardy, drought tolerant. Can be pruned; weed suppressant.

Hibbertia pedunculata**Family: Dilleniaceae**

Prostrate groundcover, may spread to 60 cm. Many yellow flowers in late spring and summer but some throughout the year. Thrives in well drained soils. Frost tolerant. Weed suppressant if planted no more than 50cm apart.

Homoranthus papillatus**Family: Myrtaceae**

Common name: Mouse Bush

Dwarf compact shrub 0.6-1m x 1-2m; flat-topped, horizontal branches. Strongly scented, yellowish flowers during spring and summer. Fine grey foliage. Sunny or semi-shaded aspect; most well-drained acidic soils. Frost hardy to -7°C; drought tolerant. Can be pruned. Attracts birds.

Hypocalymma angustifolium**Family: Myrtaceae**

Small, dense shrub 1.0-1.5m x 1.0-1.5m; with flexible, thin weeping branches. Pink or white flowers in spring; stamens are very prominent. Linear leaves, up to 2.5cm long; aromatic. Sun or light shade; shelter from strong winds; mulch well to keep roots cool; well drained, sandy soil. Tolerates light frost; requires adequate watering. Good cut flower; short-lived perennial.

Isopogon anemonifolius**Family: Proteaceae**

Common name: Drumsticks

Dwarf, compact shrub; upright, bushy, 0.65m x 0.8m. Showy, soft yellow flowers; winter to spring; deeply lobed leaves which in August to spring are tinged purple. Full to part sun; most well-drained soils; does respond well to pruning but best to allow natural shape. Hardy to most frosts; Drought tolerant. Cones are attractive, good cut flower.

Kunzea pulchella**Family: Myrtaceae**

Common name: Granite Kunzea

Medium shrub, spreading to erect 0.6–3m x 5m. Red, or occasionally white or cream flowers, June to November. Silver-grey obovate leaves. Sandy or clay soil; excellent drainage essential; in full sun or dappled shade. Frost and drought tolerant. Prune to maintain shape.

Leptospermum rotundifolium* 'Julie Ann'*Family: Myrtaceae**

Prostrate, spreading shrub 0.3m x 1-2m. Pale pink to mauve flowers; Oct. – Dec. Small, rounded attractive leaves. Naturally occurring prostrate form of *L. scoparium* var. *rotundifolium*. Full sun to part shade; moist, well-drained soil; responds well to pruning. Frost hardy to -7°C; drought tolerant. Compact, low growing, good cut flower.

Leptospermum spectabile**Family: Myrtaceae**

Erect shrub, 2-3m x 2m. Showy red flowers, 2.5cm. In diameter, seen in spring. Narrow elliptical leaves to 3.5cm long. Feature plant. Needs a sunny position, well drained soil. Prune after flowering. Frost hardy to -7°C; drought tolerant once established. Rare plant. For cool temperate areas.

Leptospermum variabile**Family: Myrtaceae**

A rounded shrub to 2 m high with flaky bark. Obovate to narrow-elliptical leaves, 2 cm long. White flowers, 1.5 cm in diameter with concave, almost round petals in late spring. A showy plant in flower. It is frost hardy to -7°C and accepts most soils and aspects.

Leptospermum wooroonooran**Family: Myrtaceae**

Common name: Wurunuru, Mountain tea-tree

Erect, compact shrub or small tree. White/cream flowers in spring and summer. Aromatic, pointed, narrow leaves to 15mm in length. Very adaptable in most soils and aspects. Frost tolerant. Suitable for heavy shade, attractive foliage and bark; slow-growing in cultivation (2 m in 5 years); fragrant; attracts bees and nectar eating birds and insects.

Leptospermum* 'Aphrodite'*Family: Myrtaceae**

Rounded or upright shrub, dense branching habit 2m x 2m. Profuse, 2cm bright pink flowers in late spring. Woody fruit containing many seeds. Short, narrow, elliptical leaves. Sunny position; most soils. Frost tolerant; water when dry. Minimal pruning. Parent plant is *Leptospermum spectabile*.

Leptospermum* 'Pink Cascade'*Family: Myrtaceae**

Low, dense shrub, spreading, arching branches 0.5m x 1-1.5m. Flowers pink, fading to white; densely packed, spring and autumn, with some all year. Leaves dark green, new growth red. Flowers better with full sun; suitable for a wide range of soil conditions; can be pruned. Frost hardy to -7°C, drought tolerant. Cascades over walls; rockery.

Leucopogon juniperinus**Family: Ericaceae**

Common name: Prickly Beard Heath

Small shrub 1m x 0.8m. White tubular flowers, July to October. Small, dense, narrow and sharply pointed leaves. Well-drained soil; light shade to full sun. Frost and drought tolerant.

Leucophyta brownii**Family: Asteraceae**

Small shrub 1m x 1.5m. Compact, rounded habit. Flowers are yellow button-like heads from late spring to summer. Silvery foliage reflects light very strongly and contrasts against other vegetation. Best in full sun but tolerates some shade, dislikes high humidity. Light and well-drained soil. Frost tolerant but may need some care to establish for drought tolerance. Low maintenance.

Lomatia myricoides**Family: Proteaceae**

Common name: River Lomatia, Long-leaf Lomatia

Medium shrub to small tree, 2-3m x 2-3m. Cream or white scented flowers, followed by dry fruits containing a number of winged seeds. Leaves up to 200mm long, narrow with irregularly toothed margins. Hardy shrub for semi-shaded positions. Can survive extended dry periods once established but prefers moist position. Can tolerate moderate frosts.

Melaleuca bracteata**Family: Myrtaceae**

Common name: Black tea-tree, River tea-tree or Mock olive

Small tree or medium sized shrub 5-8m. Prune to size to fit smaller gardens. White flowers clusters on or near the ends of the branches during Aug. – Nov. Leaves are scented, dark green, oval and scattered along the branches; each leaf has a sharp point. Tolerant of most well-drained soils and situations. Full sun. Will tolerate moderate frost. Can be used for hedging.

Melaleuca diosmatifolia**Family: Myrtaceae**

Common name: Rosy Paperbark

Erect, open shrub, 3m x 2m. Flowers pale to deep mauve in spikes up to 3cm long and 2cm in diameter in late spring and summer. Cylindrical, linear leaves up to 12mm long and 0.5mm wide. Can grow in poorly drained soils and across a wide climatic distributional range that varies from sunny and open positions to light and shady. Drought tolerant; moderate frost tolerance. suited as a hedge; low maintenance.

Melaleuca fulgens**Family: Myrtaceae**

Compact to straggly shrub with round, slender branches, 1.5m x 1.7m. Grey-green foliage and blooms with yellow-tipped spikes of brush-like carmine flowers. Leaves are narrow 2-3cm long, and both leaves and branches give an aromatic fragrance when bruised. Needs plenty of water and good drainage. Moderately frost tolerant, but tender tips and young flowers can wilt.

Melaleuca nesophila**Family: Myrtaceae**

Common name: Showy Honey Myrtle

Medium to large shrub with dense green foliage, 5m x 4m. Bright purple flowers, fading several shades as they age; round mass of stamens with small yellow anthers. Aromatic oblong-shaped leaves 1-3 cm long. Prefers well drained soils. Frost tolerant to -7°C. Adaptable to different locations and conditions; copes well with Canberra climate.

Micrantheum hexandrum**Family: Euphorbiaceae**

Common name: Box Micrantheum

Erect shrub 1–3m x 1–2m. Profuse, scented, creamy white flowers in spring. Male flowers on peduncle to 8mm; female flowers shorter but lengthening to 5mm in fruit. New growth bronze to reddish. Hardy in sun or shade; most well-drained soils. Hardy to –7°C. Prune or clip for a neat hedge.

Micromyrtus ciliate**Family: Myrtaceae**

Common name: Fringed Heath Myrtle

Ground cover or low shrub 1m x 3m. Tiny massed flowers, white or flushed pink to red; late winter to November. In a sunny position growth is dense and stiff. Light soil free from lime. Frost tolerant; drought resistant. Light trimming is optional. An excellent ground cover for keeping down weeds.

Muehlenbeckia axillaris**Family: Polygonaceae**

Common name: Matted Lignum

Prostrate creeping shrub/climber; forms a dense mat up to 40cm x 1m. Small, yellowish-white flowers. Small dark green leaves on dark red-brown stems. Grows well in sun or shade; rocky soil. Very frost hardy. Suitable for rockeries; hardy groundcover.

Myoporum acuminatum**Family: Scrophulariaceae**

Common name: Waterbush or Pointed Boobialla

Rounded glabrous small to medium tree, 9-12m x 4m. Small white, sweet-scented flowers, in clusters, in spring. Bluish, wrinkled, drupe (fleshy) fruit encapsulating 2-4 seeds. Light green elliptical, fine-pointed leaves. Well drained soil, sunny position. Hardy to frost with normal rainfall. Water if dry. Tolerant to salt spray; hedge or screen plant.

Myoporum montanum**Family: Scrophulariaceae**

Common name: Waterbush, Western Boobialla

Shrub or small tree, to 8m x 2-4m. White flowers with purple spots; to 2.5 mm long and to 1.5 mm wide; smooth light purple to reddish purple fruit. Glabrous elliptic to lanceolate leaves 3.5-14 cm long and 0.2-4cm wide. Well-drained soils; responds to pruning. Fire retardant plant; wind-break or screening plant; food source and habitat for native birds.

Myoporum parvifolium* 'Purpurea'*Family: Scrophulariaceae**

Common name: Purple Creeping Boobialla

Prostrate matting groundcover 0.3m x 3m. White starry flowers above leaves in winter. Purple tinged foliage which deepens in winter. Purple stems are of interest. Prefers well-drained sunny position but will withstand wet conditions. Drought and frost hardy. Low maintenance; fast growing.

Olearia algida**Family: Asteraceae**

Common name: Alpine Daisy Bush

Spreading dwarf shrub, 0.4-1m x 0.5-1m. Profuse white daisy flowers spring to summer. Small, dark green leaves, woolly underneath. Needs full to part sun and free-draining moist soils. Hardy to frost and snow. Drought tolerant for short periods. Responds well to pruning.

Olearia floribunda**Family: Asteraceae**

Common name: Heath Daisy Bush

Shrub to 1.5m x 0.5-1m. Masses of small white daisy flowers in spring and early summer. Tiny leaves. Hardy in most soils and situations. Mulch well. Needs regular pruning to reduce woodiness at base. Frost hardy to -7°C.

Ozothamnus purpurascens**Family: Asteraceae**

Common name: Purple Bush-Everlasting

Small to medium shrub, erect and branching, ~2m x 0.6-1.5m. Profuse white daisy-like flowers to 0.5 cm in crowded terminal clusters to 4 cm across. Buds often have purplish tinge. Hairy green leaves, white-haired beneath, becoming purple; aromatic. Requires dry or well-drained soil. Tolerates open or semi-shaded site. Tolerant to most frosts. Good cut flower.

Pelargonium rodneyanum**Family: Geraniaceae**

Common name: Magenta Storksbill

Groundcover 0.3m x 0.5m. Magenta flowers, Nov. to May. Prefers full sun to semi-shaded position in well-drained, slightly acidic soil. Frost hardy to -7°C; semi drought tolerant. Benefits from a hard pruning in winter.

Persoonia chamaepitys**Family: Proteaceae**

Common names: Mountain Geebung, Prostrate Geebung

Prostrate groundcover 0.1-0.3m x 1-3m. Deep yellow to orange flowers in summer, followed by green edible fruit (Geebungs). Needs full or part shade and well-drained, light acidic soil. Frost hardy to -7°C; drought tolerant. Can be pruned. Good in rockeries and pots.

Phebalium stenophyllum**Family: Rutaceae**

Common name: Narrow-leaved Phebalium

Smallish, rounded, semi-open shrub 1-1.3m x 1m. Bright yellow terminal cluster of 3-10 flowers in spring. Performs best in a well-drained, partially shaded position. Frost hardy. Established plants can withstand dry periods. Responds well to pruning.

Philotheca myoporoides* 'Bournda Beauty'*Family: Rutaceae**

Common name: Wax Flower

Very hardy, small compact shrub 0.6m x 0.6m. Pink buds, waxy, white star-like flowers, winter and spring. Thick grey-green aromatic leaves. Very hardy. Full or part sun in most well drained soils, including coastal. Do not overwater. Light pruning recommended. Tolerates moderate frosts and dry conditions. Long flowering season. Good cut flower.

Philotheca* 'Winter Rouge'*Family: Rutaceae**

Compact, bushy shrub, 1.5m x 1.5m. Pink buds opening to white flowers approximately 2 cm in diameter, from late winter to spring. Bright green, aromatic foliage. Full sun to dappled shade; most soils, reasonable drainage, mulch well; can be pruned after flowering. Frost hardy to -7°C. Drought tolerant. Masses of flowers; good cut flower.

Pimelea ferruginea* 'Magenta Mist'*Family: Thymelaeaceae**

Rounded shrub, 1m x 1m. Deep pink flowers fading to pale pink in spring. Attractive deep green leaves. Sun to part shade; soil must be well drained. Frost tolerant to -7°C, tolerates dry summers. Prune back below the old flowers. Good feature plant.

Podocarpus elatus [Male and Female plants] **Family: Podocarpaceae**
Common names: Brown Pine, Plum Pine, Illawarra Pine

Large tree with spreading crown to 35m. Smaller in cultivation. This is a gymnosperm, with edible fruits that are bluish-black, plum-like, 2.5cm in diameter, on female plants. The fruits are fleshy stems with terminal seeds. Most soils and aspects are suitable. Moderately slow growing. Frost hardy. Resistant to salt spray. A male and female plant is needed for fruiting.

Podocarpus lawrencei [Male and Female plants] **Family: Podocarpaceae**
Common name: Mountain Plum Pine

Medium to large spreading shrub up to 1m x 2-3m in its alpine habitat. Slow growing. Cones on the male plants are pink-purplish colour, in spring. On the female fruit is a bright red, succulent berry-like structure, with an attached hard green seed, in summer. Full sun. Regular watering and some light pruning for desired shape and a faster rate of growth than occurs in its natural environment. Frost hardy, tolerant of dry conditions. A male and female plant is needed for fruiting.

Polystichum proliferum **Family: Dryopteridaceae**
Common name: Mother Shield Fern

Terrestrial fern; V-shaped clumps up to 1.3m x ~2m. Leaves dark green, leathery and 2-3 divided fronds. Small bulbils form on leaves in late summer. Grows in most reasonably damp or poorly drained soils; full sun to heavy shade. Frost tolerant to -7°C; drought tolerant. Remove dead fronds. Good indoor plant or under trees.

Prostanthera cruciflora **Family: Lamiaceae**

Compact, rounded shrub, 1.5m x 1.5m. White, cross-shaped flowers in spring. Pale, grey-green leaves to 1.5 cm. Well drained soils in sun or semi-shade. Prefers relatively dry conditions; responds well to pruning but only needed to tidy up the plant. Frost tolerant to -7°C; Not drought tolerant and should not be allowed to dry out.

Prostanthera cuneata **Family: Lamiaceae**
Common name: Alpine Mint Bush

Dense shrub, 1m x 1m. White trumpet-shaped flowers, with purple, red or yellow blotches in the throat, from November to April. Small, dark and shiny wedge-shaped leaves dotted with oil glands. Prefers well-drained, moist conditions (regular watering); relatively tolerant to phosphorus; leaves exposed to sunlight should not be allowed to get wet. Frost and snow tolerant; not drought tolerant. Great source of nectar for bees; shrub form is well-suited to growing in pots; attractive scent; may be short-lived .

Prostanthera incana **Family: Lamiaceae**
Common name: Velvet Mint Bush

Medium Shrub 1.5 m x 1.5m. Terminal sprays of mauve or occasionally white flowers in spring. Aromatic bright green foliage. Well-drained soil in almost full sun. Frost hardy. Prune regularly. The aroma of the leaves is one of its best features.

Rhagodia spinescens **Family: Chenopodiaceae**
Common name: Saltbush

Spreading, upright shrub 2m x 1.5-4m. Cream flowers most of the year. Pink or red fruit in the cooler months. Grey-green opposite leaves, ovate to triangular; covered with vesicular hairs. Soil should be loam or clay-loam; tolerates partial shade. Frost tolerant to -5°C; moderately drought tolerant. Prune regularly to maintain shape

Sannantha cunninghamii **Family: Myrtaceae**
Common name: Dainty Baeckea

Small shrub 1.5m. White flowers, solitary or in 3-flowered inflorescences in spring to early summer. Small orbicular to broad elliptic dark green leaves. Grows in dry sclerophyll forest or woodland. Frost and drought tolerant. Hardy, bee attracting.

Senna barronfieldii **Family: Fabaceae**
Also known as *Senna odorata* or *Cassia Odorata*

Prostrate shrub 0.5m x 1.5m, although sometimes can grow more erect. Masses of bright yellow flowers in spring. Bright green leaves. May need some protection from frost.

Spyridium scortechinii**Family: Rhamnaceae**

Common name: Cotton bush, Pepper and Salt

Shrub to 70cm x to 60cm. Whitish flowers; dense terminal heads 10–15 mm diam; bracts brown, surrounding heads and individual flowers. Flowers in late winter to spring. Leaves ovate to narrow-lanceolate, 6–15 mm long, 1–5 mm wide, margins flat or recurved, upper surface glabrous, lower surface grayish. Needs hot overhead sun to warm low sun; well drained soil types; often found on rocky sites in open forest on infertile soils. Hardy to -7°C; drought tolerant.

Telopea mungaensis

[seed]

Family: Proteaceae

Common name: Monga Waratah, Braidwood Waratah

Large shrub with lignotuber 2-6m x 1.5-4m. Red flowers in terminal clusters of 10cm across, Nov.–Dec. Long pods turn brown when mature; packed with winged seeds. Large leathery leaves. Full or part sun; acidic soil with good drainage. Overhead cover desirable. Summer watering required. Protect from hot winds. Snow and frost tolerant; not drought tolerant. Cut flowers to keep bush within bounds. For rejuvenation cut some branches back to above the lignotuber.

Teucrium argutum**Family: Lamiaceae**

Common name: Native Germander

Dwarf perennial herb, often suckering & scrambling 0.5-0.6 m x 0.5 m. Deep pinkish purple flowers, early summer to early winter. Mint-like leaves, but not perfumed. Likes clay soil, filtered to full sun. Dry between watering to constantly moist; rejuvenate by moderately heavy pruning after flowering. Withstands heavy frosts. Good for borders or mass planting.

Teucrium racemosum**Family: Lamiaceae**

Common name: Grey Germander

Suckering perennial herb, groundcover, 0.4m x 0.2m. White flowers late spring and summer with silvery grey leaves. Needs full sun with good air movement. Friable well drained soil is essential. Frost and drought tolerant. Suckers well and needs to be pruned after winter as growth occurs from the base.

Veronica perfoliate**Family: Scrophulariaceae**Also known as *Parahebe perfoliate* or *Derwentia perfoliate*

Common name: Digger's Speedwell

Compact shrub 0.3-1.0m x 1m. Arching stems of grey-green foliage, with bright blue flowers. Needs a well drained site and prefers semi-shade. Foliage can die back after heavy frosts, but the plant will usually grow back from the roots or woody canes.

Viola hederacea**Family: Violaceae**

Common name: Native Violet

Small mat-forming groundcover. White and purple flowers most of year. Good for rockery or hanging basket. Prefers damp spot in sun or full shade. Can die back in winter. Frost hardy to -7°C

Wahlenbergia gloriosa**Family: Campanulaceae**

Common name: Royal Bluebell. ACT floral emblem

Small, slender, creeping to semi-erect perennial herb. Deep blue to purple bell-shaped flowers 3cm diam, on long, slender stems Oct. to Mar. Small dark-green leaves have oblong, wavy edges broadening towards apex. Light, enriched soil in sunny to semi-shaded positions in cool regions. Very shallow rooted so soil must be kept moist but well-drained. Organic matter added to soil helps lighten it and enable suckering. Extremely frost hardy; not drought tolerant. Needs regular summer watering. Grows well in water-well pots and hanging baskets.

Westringia fruticosa* 'Smokie'*Family: Lamiaceae**

Small, hardy compact shrub 1.5m x 1.5m. Small, white flowers, tinged mauve, most of the year. Silver grey foliage with cream edges. Full sun; most soils. Prune after flowering to maintain dense shape. Frost hardy to -7°C. Low water requirement once established. Suitable hedging plant; good cut flower.

Westringia glabra* (compact form)*Family: Lamiaceae**

Common name: Violet Westringia

Dwarf to small shrub 0.5-1.5m x 1-2m. Bluish mauve flowers, spring and sporadic. Prefers semi shade. Most well-drained acidic soils. Frost hardy to -7°C. Drought tolerant. Can be pruned to shape. Good under eucalypts.

***Westringia* 'Blue Heaven'**

Family: Lamiaceae

Dense, mound-shaped shrub 1.5-2m x 1.5m. Mauve flowers in early spring to early summer. Mid green, spiral leaf arrangement. Sun to light shade; well-drained soil. Tolerates light frost; drought tolerant; responds well to pruning. Soft blue-grey foliage. Attracts native bees and butterflies. Can be hedged.

***Westringia* 'Morning Light'**

Family: Lamiaceae

Small compact shrub 1m x 1m. White flowers most of the year. Prefers sun to light shade. Does well on a range of soils if well-drained. Frost hardy to -7°C ; drought tolerant. Prune regularly to shape. Variegated foliage.

Xerochrysum bracteatum

[seed]

Family: Asteraceae

Common name: Straw Flower; Paper Daisy

Small upright shrub 0.3–0.8m x 0.6-0.8m. White, pink or gold flowers; spring, summer. Large, grey-green leaves. Annual; self-seeds readily. Open sunny position; well-drained soil. Tolerates moderate frost; drought tolerant. Can be lightly pruned.