

12. Again on your right is *Grevillea corrugata*, a shrub with deeply lobed leaves, endemic to southwestern Western Australia (photo below left). This bush has prominent white buds which will open to white flowers August to September.



13. Go past the turn along the Main Path and turn right along the next road to see on the corner *Grevillea asteriscosa*, or Star-leaf Grevillea, with small, dark green, prickly foliage and lipstick red flowers with long styles (photo above right). This plant is found in the wild in southwestern Western Australia.

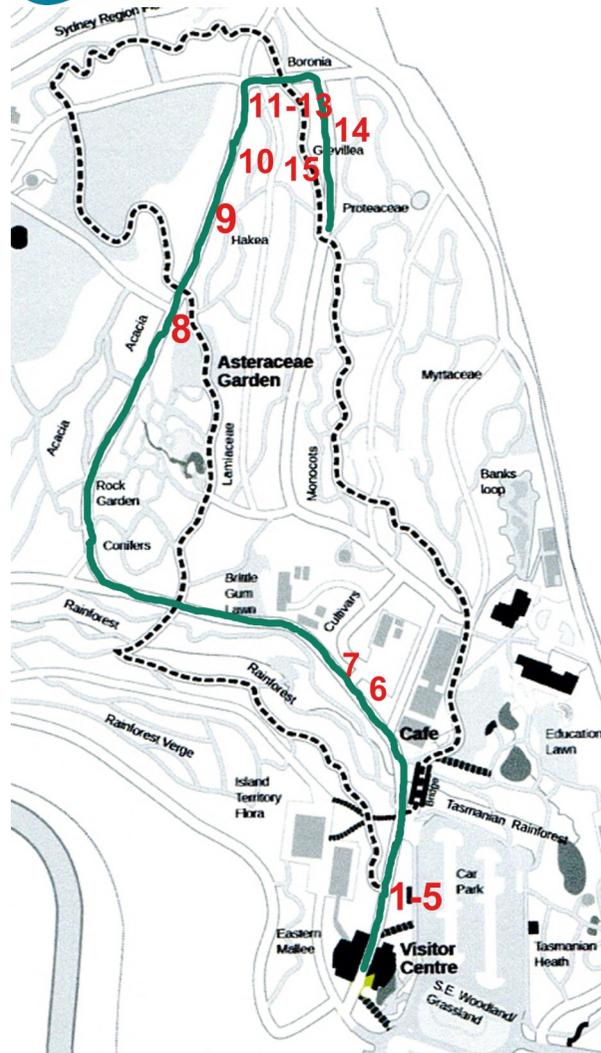
14. On your left is a large shrub, *Grevillea* 'Sid Reynolds', which arose as a seedling in the garden of Sid Reynolds and is thought to be a hybrid between *Grevillea pinaster* and *G. commutata* (photo below left). This shrub has fine foliage and red and yellow spider flowers in spring.



15. On your right is *Banksia neoanglica*, (syn. *B. spinulosa* var. *neoanglica*), or New England Banksia, with silver backed dark green foliage with yellow/gold brushes held upright (photo above right). This shrub grows along the east coast of Queensland and New South Wales.



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Today we will walk up the hill behind the café, along the road above the Rock Garden and return towards the Visitor Centre



1. As you leave the Visitor Centre on your right is *Eucalyptus caesia* 'Silver Princess' with large, heart-shaped, leathery green leaves and dark red stems (photo above). This ornamental tree has a weeping habit, and will develop white branches, minni-ritchi bark with peeling curls, and large red flowers

2. Low on your right is *Guichenotia ledifolia*, a small shrub with grey green foliage covered in drooping, dusty pink, 5-petalled flowers with maroon centres (photo top left next page). This plant is native to southwestern Western Australia.



3. Further on your right, in a pot, is *Epacris purpurascens* var. *purpurascens*, a sparse, drooping bush with prickly red leaves and mauve white flowers with red centres, found in coastal areas from Sydney to Wollongong in New South Wales (photo above right). This plant is listed as vulnerable in the wild.



4. Again on your right, both in a pot and in the ground, is *Pimelea physodes*, or Qualup Bell, with grey-green foliage held close to reddish stems and pendant green bracts enclosing the small flower with decorative dark red outer bracts (photo above). This plant is found in southwestern Western Australia and is considered the most beautiful of the genus.



5. Still on your right is a group of *Anigozanthos* 'Bush Pearl', a hybrid Kangaroo Paw with long-blooming bright pink flowers developed by Angus Stewart (photo above).

6. Bear left up the hill behind the café to see on your right *Grevillea rosmarinifolia* 'Rosy Posy', a compact bush with linear foliage and pendant racemes of pink and cream flowers (photo below).



7. Again on your right is *Grevillea bipinnatifida* 'Jingle Bells', a standard grevillea with deeply divided stiff, prickly foliage and many trusses of pink and orange flowers (photo below left).



8. Continue up the hill, then turn right along the road above the Rock Garden to see on your right *Hakea recurva*, a large shrub with fearsomely prickly, grey-green needle foliage and some pinkish-yellow fragrant flowers beginning to open (photo above right). This plant is native to a band east from the area between Perth and Geraldton.

9. Further on your right is *Hakea constablei*, a bushy shrub or small tree with very large brown nuts (photo below). This plant is endemic to the Blue Mountains near Sydney and was named after Ernest Constable, a plant collector for the Royal Botanic Gardens, Sydney.



10. Still on your right is *Grevillea tripartita* subsp. *macrostylis*, an open, rangy plant with dark green, prickly, three lobed foliage and large single red and cream flowers with long showy red styles (photo below). This plant is native to southern Western Australia, near Esperance.



11. Turn right down the hill to see on your right *Grevillea manglesii* subsp. *ornithopoda*, or Birdsfoot Grevillea, a large bush with frothy white terminal clusters of flowers and tripartite 'birdsfoot' foliage (photo below). This plant is native to Western Australia near Perth.

