

12. As you go up the steps look up to your left to see *Leptospermum variable*, a large shrub with many branches, small leaves and numerous white 'tea-tree' flowers with green centres (photo below left). This plant is native to northern New South Wales and Queensland.



13. On your right is *Grevillea endlicheriana*, or Spindly Grevillea, an open bush with grey-green leaves and long stems topped by pinkish-white fluffy flowers (photo above right). This plant is found in the wild east of Perth, Western Australia and was named after the Austrian Professor of Botany Stephan Endlicher.

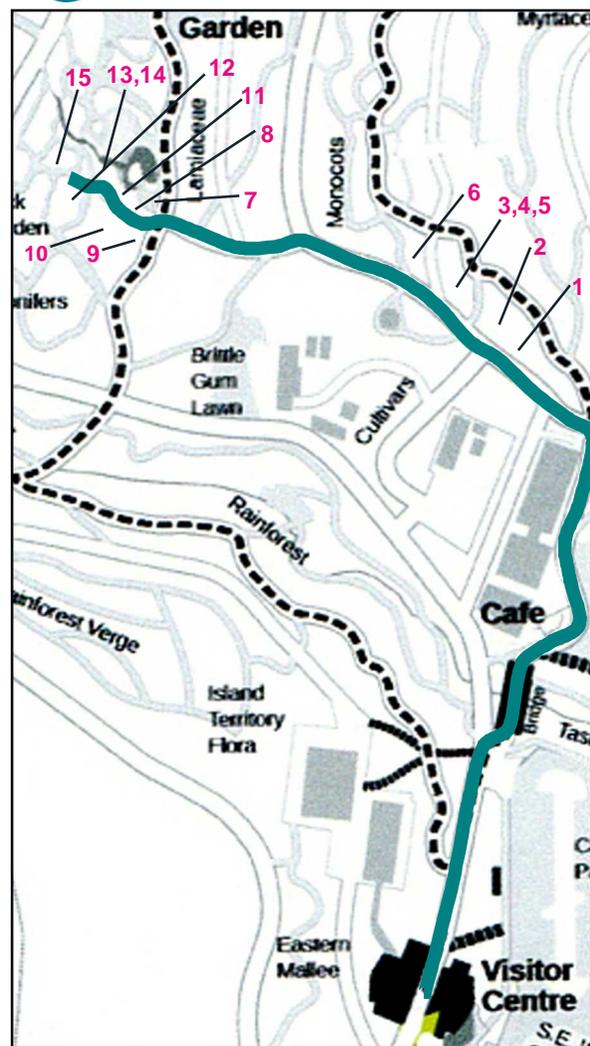
14. *Grevillea manglesii subsp. ornithopoda*, or Birdsfoot Grevillea, also on your right, is a large bush with frothy white terminal clusters of flowers and tripartite 'birdsfoot' foliage (photo below left). It is native to the area around Perth, Western Australia.



15. On your right is *Verticordia plumosa var. plumosa* native to southwestern Western Australia (photo above right). This small bush has globular heads of mauve-pink flowers.



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FLOWERS
FRUIT &
FOLIAGE



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Today we will walk from the café to the Rock Garden



1. As you leave the café turn left, then left again up the hill to see *Callistemon citrinus* 'Splendens' a small tree on your right with weeping foliage and bright red brushes beloved by spinebills and wattlebirds (Photo above).

2. Also on your right is *Leptospermum* 'Aphrodite' with pink and green 'tea-tree' flowers on a large open bush with small light green foliage (photo next page top left). This plant was developed locally by Bywong plant breeder Peter Ollerenshaw. It grew from a batch of seedlings of *Leptospermum spectabile*.



3. Continuing on your right is **Callistemon subulatus** with bright red brushes and a low spreading habit (photo above right). It is native to the states of New South Wales and Victoria where it grows along the banks of watercourses.



4. On your left is **Melaleuca fulgens** with soft grey green foliage and striking orange-pink brushes (photo above). This plant is native to southern Western Australia, northwestern South Australia and southwestern Northern Territory.



5. On your right is **Melaleuca raphiophylla**, a small tree which is native to southwestern Western Australia (photo above). This plant has dense green needle foliage and small white scented brushes.

6. **Beaufortia interstans**, also on your right, is a small open bush with close, hard green foliage and purple-pink button flowers (photo below). This plant is found in the wild in southwestern Western Australia.



7. On your right in front of the waterfall as you enter the Rock Garden is **Eremophila dalyana** with grey foliage covered in pinkish-white tubular flowers (photo below). This long-lived plant was named after Sir Dominick Daly, a 19th century Governor of South Australia and occurs in the wild in southern Northern Territory, northern South Australia and Queensland.



8. On your right as you start up the steps is **Zieria citriodora**, a small shrub with close, dark green foliage and many pink star flowers (photos below). This plant is threatened in the wild and occurs in the southeastern corner of New South Wales.



9. On your left is **Hibbertia serpyllifolia** or Hairy Guinea Flower showing very fine light green foliage with 5-petaled bright lemon flowers in profusion (photo below). This plant grows down the eastern coast of Australia, including Tasmania.



10. Also on your left, look up to see **Doryanthes excelsa** or Gynea Lily (photo below). This plant is indigenous to the coastal areas of New South Wales near Sydney. It has sword-like leaves more than a metre long and flower spikes 2-4 metres high.



11. **Hibbertia pedunculata** on your right has bright yellow flowers and fine creeping foliage (photos below). The species name 'pedunculata' refers to the flower having a peduncle or long stalk. This plant is found in the wild mostly along the eastern coast of mainland Australia from southern Queensland to northern Victoria.

