

12. Again on your right is **Grevillea 'Bronze Rambler'**, a low groundcover with divided foliage and red toothbrush flowers (photo below left). 'Bronze Rambler' originated in cultivation in the garden of W and L Wilson, Moe South, Victoria and is said to be a cross between *Grevillea rivularis* and *Grevillea 'Poorinda Peter'*.



13. **Grevillea 'Poorinda Adorning'**, on your right, is a low, prickly groundcover with bright red flowers with long styles (photo above right). The female part of the flower, called a pistil, has three parts, stigma, style and ovary. The style is a long tube-like structure that leads to the ovary. The series of Poorinda grevilleas were made from crosses by Leo Hodge at his property W Tree near Buchan, Victoria.



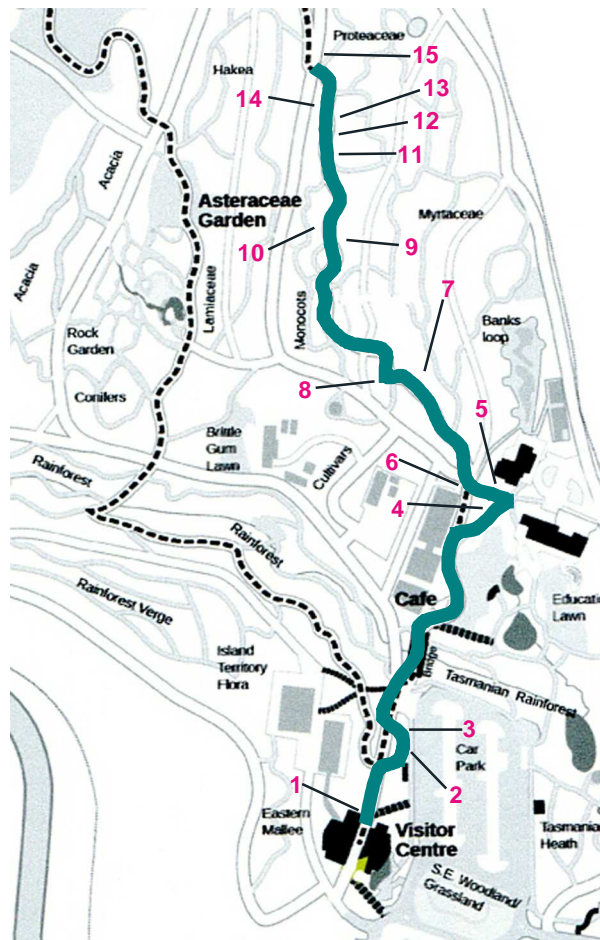
14. On your left is **Banksia baxteri**, or Bird's Nest Banksia, with tall spires of stiff, triangular foliage and green flowers (photo above). This plant is native to southwestern Western Australia between Albany and Esperance.



15. On your right is **Grevillea 'Coconut Ice'** with divided foliage and large pink spider flowers with long red styles (photos above).



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Featuring the plants of the Australian National Botanic Gardens, Canberra, ACT written and illustrated by Friends Rosalind and Benjamin Walcott

Today we will walk across the bridge, in front of the café and then up the Main Path



1. On your left after leaving the Visitor Centre is **Pandorea jasminoides** covered in pale pink flowers and attractive mid-green foliage (photo above). This woody vine, also known as Bower of Beauty, is native to New South Wales and Queensland, and forms large pointed pods filled with papery seeds.

2. On your right is **Brachyscome iberidifolia**, or Swan River Daisy, a small plant with ferny foliage and bright purple, almost iridescent flowers with black centres (photo next page top left). This plant is native to the southern half of Western Australia.



3. In a pot on your right is *Grevillea leptobotrys*, with small racemes of lilac-pink flowers buried in prickly dark green foliage with red new growth (photo above right). *Grevillea leptobotrys* is known as the Tangled Grevillea and is found in the wild in southwestern Western Australia.



4. Cross the bridge and bear right towards the Crosbie Morrison Building to see low on your left *Alyogyne 'Little Al'*, a groundcover with notched foliage and small dark purple 'hibiscus' flowers with gold centres (photo above).



5. Turn left up the hill to see on your right in a pot *Scaevola ramosissima* with purple 5-petalled flowers with white centres and green leaves without stems (photo above). This plant is found along the eastern coastal areas of Australia as far north as southern Queensland.

6. Further on your left in a pot is *Homoranthus montanus*, or Mountain Mouse Bush, with dense green foliage and pink buds opening to lemon flowers, found in a small area in southeastern Queensland and considered vulnerable in the wild (photo below left).



7. Go up the hill on the Main Path to see on your right *Eucalyptus ?cinerea x pulverulenta* with magnificent silver foliage (photo above right). *Eucalyptus cinerea*, or Argyle Apple, is a small to medium-sized tree with soft bluish foliage native to southeastern New South Wales and northeastern Victoria. *Eucalyptus pulverulenta*, or Silver-leaved Mountain Gum, is unusual in that it retains its juvenile, round silver foliage into maturity. This tree is found in the Blue Mountains of New South Wales.



8. On your left is *Leptospermum polyanthum*, a small tree covered in white 'tea-tree' flowers (photo above). This tree is native to coastal New South Wales and also the Warrumbungles.

9. Bear right at the top of the hill to see *Anigozanthos*, or Kangaroo Paws, bred by Angus Stewart. His 'Landscape Line' is bred from *Anigozanthos flavidus* or Tall Kangaroo Paw and comes in many colours. The colour on the right is 'Landscape Lime' (photo below).



10. *Anigozanthos flavidus* 'Landscape Red' is on the left (photo below).



11. Further on your right is *Stenocarpus angustifolius*, a medium sized bush with clusters of cream umbel flowers opening from green buds in attractive contrast to the lance-shaped light green foliage (photo below). This plant is found in the Townsville area of coastal Queensland.

