

12. Turn right down the hill to see on your right *Grevillea wilsonii x tripartita*, a tall, rangy bush with prickly foliage and large pink spider flowers with red styles (photo below left).



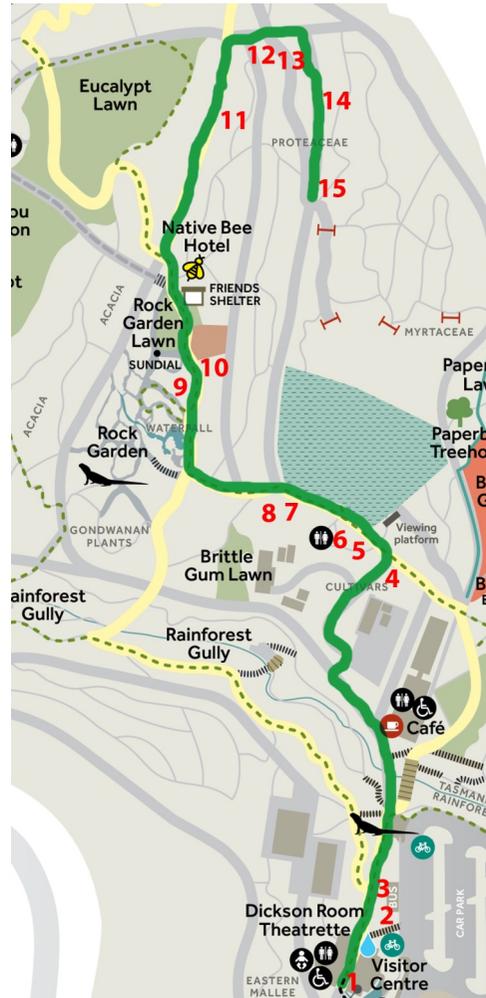
13. Also on your right is *Grevillea asteriscosa*, or Star-leaf Grevillea, with small, dark green, prickly foliage and lipstick red flowers with long styles (photo above right). This plant is native to southwestern Western Australia.

14. Turn right along the road to see on your left *Lomatia silaifolia*, or Parsley Bush or Crinkle Bush, a spreading lacy bush with much-divided light green leaves and large white flowers in clusters (photo below left). This plant is native to the coast and tablelands of NSW and Queensland.



15. Again on your left is *Grevillea* 'Coconut Ice' with large pink/orange spider flowers with long red styles (photo above right). This hybrid plant was grown from seed collected from *G. bipinnatifida* and the male parent was *G. banksii* (white flowered form). The seedling was raised by Mr. M. Hodge of Queensland.

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Featuring the plants of the Australian National Botanic Gardens, Canberra, ACT. Written and illustrated by ANBG Friends Rosalind and Benjamin Walcott

Today we will walk from the Visitor Centre up the hill to the entrance of the Sydney Region Gully



1. As you leave the Visitor Centre look up to your left to see *Jasminum simplicifolium ssp. suavissimum*, or Forest Jasmine, with five starry white petals and a delicate scent (photo above). This plant is native to northeastern New South Wales and southeastern Queensland.

2. Now walk towards the café to see low on your right *Eucalyptus langleyi*, or Green Mountain Ash or Albatross Mallee, which is native to a restricted area near Nowra, NSW and considered vulnerable in the wild (photo next page top left). This tree has glossy green ovate leaves and fluffy white flowers on long petioles.





3. Also on your right, in a pot, is **Actinotus helianthi**, or Flannel Flower, with white star flowers with yellow grey centres and silver-grey divided foliage (photo above right). These plants are native to the coast and mountains of New South Wales and southern Queensland.

4. Bear left up the hill behind the café, then right behind the depot, to see on your right **Lomatia myricoides**, a medium shrub to small tree with linear green leaves and white clusters of flowers (photo below left). This plant is native to southeastern New South Wales and northeastern Victoria.



5. Turn left up the hill to see on your left, **Prostanthera lasioanthos dwarf form**, a hardy form with dense dark green foliage and white flowers in early summer (photo above right). This plant is native to southeastern Australia, including eastern Tasmania.

6. Also on your left is **Callistemon 'Little John'**, a dwarf form of *Callistemon viminalis*. (photo below). This plant shows a stunning contrast between deep red bottlebrush flowers and green/blue foliage.



7. Again on your left is **Elaeocarpus reticulata 'Prima Donna'**, a small dense tree with dark green leaves and pink, fringed bell flowers (photo below). Blue berries follow the flowers which are attractive to seed eating birds.



8. Further on your left is **Cordyline stricta**, or Narrow-leaved Palm Lily, with long sprays of violet flowers (photo below). The glossy green foliage is linear and up to half a metre long. This plant is native to the coast of northeastern NSW and southeastern Queensland.



9. Turn right in front of the waterfall to see on your left **Alyogyne 'West Coast Gem'** with coarse foliage and clear purple 'hibiscus' style flowers which open for a short period only, but are prolific (photo below).



10. On your right is **Eucalyptus scoparia**, or Wallangarra White Gum, a fast growing tree with a spreading crown, fine weeping foliage, a straight white trunk with soft red overtones and a profusion of white fluffy flowers which attract nectar feeding insects and birds (photo below). This plant is native to the border between NSW and Queensland.



11. Turn right along the road above the Rock Garden to see on your right **Grevillea triloba**, a spreading shrub with grey green foliage and white starburst flowers (photo below). This grevillea is native to the Geraldton area in Western Australia.

