DESCRIPTIONS OF PLANTS FOR ANBG GROWING FRIENDS' 2018 SPRING PLANT SALE

(Sizes are given as height x width)

Acacia pravissima Family: Mimosaceae

Common name: Ovens Wattle

Tall shrub to 6m with pendulous branches. Generally adaptable in cultivation. Responds to sunny, reasonably welldrained position in most soils. Frost hardy to -7°C. Recommended for its foliage. Hardy plant with an attractive form.

Acacia vestita Family: Fabaceae

Common names: Hairy Wattle, Weeping Boree

Medium to tall shrub 3-6m x 3-5m. Dense weeping grevish foliage. Good for screening or windbreak. Popular in cultivation.

Adenanthos cunninghamii

Common name: Albany Woolly Bush

Small shrub 1-2m x 1.5-3m. Well drained light soil in full sun or semi-shade. Flowers tubular, slender, dull crimson, terminal and solitary, spring and summer. Abundant nectar. Soft silvery narrow leaves. Bird attracting. Responds well to light or heavy pruning. A natural hybrid of A. sericeus x A. cuneatus. Damaged by heavy frosts, but withstands limited periods of dryness.

Family: Proteaceace

Family: Malvaceae

Family: Proteaceae

Family: Asteraceae

Family: Asteraceae

Allocasuarina nana Family: Casuarinaceae

Common name: Dwarf She-oak

Small dense woody shrub 1m x 3m. 1 cm. nobbly cones and needle-like leaves. Excellent foliage contrast. Good screen or low hedge. Most reasonably drained soils in full or filtered sun. Frost hardy to -7°C, drought tolerant.

Alyogyne 'Little Al' Family: Malvaceae

Groundcover 0.40m x 1.5m. Flowers opening dark purple, fading to mid purple, spring and early summer. Full or part sun position with well drained soils. Feed in autumn and spring with controlled release fertiliser. Trim after flowering has ceased but don't cut back too hard. Can be grown under bigger plants to provide protection from frost.

Alyogyne huegelii 'West Coast Gem'

Common name: Lilac Hibiscus

Open, rounded shrub 2.5m x 2.5m. Deep purple flowers late spring to late autumn. Protected full sun position with well-drained soil. Tolerates light frosts, drought hardy. Prune from young age to promote a dense habit and strong root system. Prune hard after the main flowering flush in late spring. Performs well in pots.

Austromyrtus tenufolia Family: Myrtaceae

Common name: Narrow Leaf Myrtle

Rounded shrub 1-2m x 1.5m. White flowers in late spring to early summer. Fruit is edible (makes an interesting jam). Prefers sun to dappled shade and moist conditions. Flowers better if it receives supplementary watering or plenty of rain in the months leading up to flowering. Tolerates light frost.

Banksia 'Giant Candles' Family: Proteaceae

Large shrub. Believed to be hybrid between B. ericifolia and B. spinulosa. Enormous orange flower spikes to 40 cm long. Good feature plant, attracting birds and can be used for cut flowers/fruit. Frost tolerant to -7°C.

Banksia integrifolia ssp. integrifolia

Common name: Coast Banksia

Compact form to 0.5m. Prefers sandy acidic soil or sandy loam in full sun to part shade. Can be pruned to retain compact shape. Frost hardy to -7° C, moderately drought tolerant.

Brachyscome multifida 'Amethyst'

Bushy groundcover 0.2m x 0.4 m. Lavender blue to purple flowers, spring to autumn. Best in full sun, tolerates part shade; any soil type. Prune in late spring to remove spent flowers. Frost hardy to -7°C and drought tolerant.

Brachyscome multifida 'Roulette'

Family: Asteraceae Prostrate bushy perennial herb. 0.1-0.4m x 0.2 -1m. Blue-mauve flowers throughout the year, best in spring and summer. Frost tolerant to -7°C; drought tolerant. Spreads by branching and underground suckers.

Brachyscome 'Strawberry Mousse'

Low, spreading ground cover 0.15m x 1m. Showy pink flowers with gold centres, from spring through to autumn. Full to part sun. Hardy in most soils with good drainage. No need to prune. Frost hardy to -7°C, drought tolerant. Suitable for containers, hanging baskets, rockeries and as ground cover.

Bulbine glauca Family: Asphodelaceae

Common Name: Rock Lily

Perennial tufted herb 0.5m. Grows in crevices on cliffs. Good drainage in sun or part shade. Dies back in winter. Long greyish leaves and yellow flowers on stems of 1m in spring.

Calostemma purpureum

Common Name: Garland Lily

Very hardy bulbous plant. Succulent leaves 0.35m long. Wine-red trumpet-like flowers on 40 cm stems. Flowers best after dry periods. Tolerates dry periods but not cold poorly-drained soils. Bulbs slowly form clumps. Frost hardy to -7°C. Do not water after leaves begin to yellow in spring. Large berry-like seeds in autumn, which germinate readily. May take 3-4 years to flower.

Family: Amaryllidaceae

Family: Myrtaceae

Family: Cunoniaceae

Family: Myrtaceae

Family: Asteraceae

Family: Sterculiaceae

Family: Rutaceae

Calothamnus quadrifidus

Small to medium shrub 2.5m x 2.5m, compact or spreading. Red feathery flowers spring to summer, woody fruit. Grey-green, needle-like leaves. Adaptable to wide range of climatic conditions, partial to full sun in well-drained soil Light frost and some drought tolerance. Can be pruned. Ornamental, screening and bird attracting.

Ceratopetalum gummiferum 'Wildfire'

Common name: NSW Christmas Bush

Small rounded tree 6m x 3m. White flowers, then red sepals in early summer (January in Canberra). Needs a sunny position for good flowers. Soil should be well drained but moist. Frost tender when young. New plants need watering. Prune heavily to rejuvenate. Good cut flower.

Chamelaucium uncinatum 'Murfit Rose'

Dense shrub 2.5m x 4m. Pink to deep rose flowers in summer, darkening with age. Needs perfect drainage and full sun for mass flowering. Sandy soil preferred. Protect from frost, drought tolerant. Prune after flowering to maintain density and increase flower display. Good cut flower.

Chrysocephalum apiculatum

Common name: Yellow Button

Spreading perennial herb 0.15m x 0.5-2m. Attractive ground cover, flowering for most of the warmer months. Full to part sun, most well drained soils. Frost hardy to -7°C, drought tolerant. Prune at end of winter for new growth.

Commersonia prostrata

Ground hugging mat to more than 1m across. Star-shaped white flower clusters, ageing to pale pink Oct-Nov. Sandy to peaty soils in wide variety of habitats. Endangered in the wild.

Cordyline obtecta Family: Asparagaceae

Tree that can grow to 10m, with a perrenial stem and lily-like flowers. Cascading broad sword-like leaves. Endemic to Norfolk Island. Requires a warm slightly shaded location with no special soil requirements. Not frost tolerant – but grown successfully at the ANBG.

Correa alba Family: Rutaceae

Woody rounded shrub 1.5 m x 1m. White (rarely pink) flowers in winter. Glaucous green/grey leaves. Hardy in welldrained soils, flowering best in full sun. Very resistant to salt spray. Frost hardy. Bird attracting. Useful for floral arrangements.

Correa backhouseana var. backhouseana

Family: Rutaceae Upright or spreading shrub 1-2m x 2- 3m. Flowers creamy-green bell shaped, winter. Hardy. Well-drained soil. Prefers part shade. Frost hardy to -7° C. Resistant to salt spray. Attracts birds. Good for planting under Eucalypts.

Correa baeuerlenii Family: Rutaceae

Common name: Chef's Hat Correa

Rounded shrub 1.5m x 1.5m. Green bell-shaped flowers through autumn and winter. Needs sunny position but will accept some shade. Well-drained soil. Frost and drought hardy. Prune to keep compact.

Correa decumbens Family: Rutaceae

Spreading groundcover 0.3m x 1.5m. Flowers mainly in winter but throughout year in full sun or part shade. Damp well-drained soils. Tip prune if needed. Frost hardy to -7°C.

Correa 'Dusky Bells' Family: Rutaceae

Small evergreen compact shrub 1m x 2-4m. Can be pruned to shape and size. 2.5 cm long pink bell flowers. Prefers a shady spot; well drained soil. Frost and drought tolerant. Bird attracting. (C.reflexa x C.pulchella).

Correa glabra var. glabra

Erect shrub 2 m x 2.5 m. Flowers tubular, pale green, 15 to 30mm long, petals united, with protruding stamens. Flowering is sporadic from early July. Leaves are dark green, slightly sand-papery. Sun to part shade. Frost and drought tolerant.

Correa 'Ivory Bells' Family: Rutaceae

Profuse long-flowering dense shrub 1.5m x 1.5m with cream bells. Attracts honey-eating birds. Needs moist, welldrained soils. Hardy under cultivation, particularly in a protected position. Will tolerate full sun and extended dry periods once established. Prune regularly. Frost tolerant to -7°C, drought tolerant.

Correa 'Marian's Marvel' Family: Rutaceae

Open hardy shrub 1m-2m x 3m. Flowers pale pink upper, pale green lower, from February to October. Grows in most situations, preferring filtered sun but will grow in full sun. Frost hardy and requires extra water in extended dry periods. Suitable as a hedge. (C.reflexa x C. backhouseana).

Correa 'Raelene Goldie' Family: Rutaceae

Dense spreading shrub 1.2m x 3m. Long narrow tubular flowers are a rich red, fading to yellow-green at tips. Most well-drained soils. Prefers full sun. Drought hardy but only moderately frost hardy. Light pruning maintains shape and promotes flowering. Strongly bird attracting. (Hybrid of C. reflexa var. reflexa).

Correa 'Summer Belle' Family: Rutaceae

Small dense spreading shrub 1m x 1m. Large rose pink flowers with pale green tips and strongly exerted stamens; Peak flowering is in summer and continues through to winter. Does best in well-drained soil in either full sun or light shade. Adaptable to most soil types. Will grow vigorously with regular watering but does not like being water-logged. Frost and drought hardy. Prune annually to maintain compact shape. Bird attracting.

Family: Rutaceae

Family: Ericaceae

Family: Proteaceae

Crowea exalata Family: Rutaceae

Rounded shrub to 0.7m. Star-like white to deep pink flowers summer and autumn. Hardy plant for well-drained, mulched soils. Full sun to half shade.

Crowea exalata 'Southern Stars'

Low, spreading shrub 0.15m x 0.6m. Mauve/pink flowers in summer, autumn and winter. Needs full sun to half shade and mulching. Suits most soils. Frost tolerant to -7°C.

Crowea 'Festival' Family: Rutaceae

Small dense shrub 1m x 1m. Deep pink flowers in autumn. Needs full sun to half shade and well-drained, mulched soil. Frost hardy, drought hardy. Can take heavy pruning. Good cut flower.

Crowea 'Pink Blush' Family: Rutaceae

Small to medium shrub 1m x 1.2m. Pink buds open white and tinge to pink with age, spring – autumn. Prefers dappled shade or partial sun and well-drained soil. Frost tolerant to -7°C. Moderate drought tolerance. Trim lightly after flowering. Ideal for gardens or containers and as cut flower. (C. exalata x C. saligna).

Darwinia citriodora Family: Myrtaceae

Compact shrub 1-1.5m x 1-1.5m. Flowers slightly pendulous terminal clusters. Colour may change from yellow with red stigmas to orange-red; corolla segments are small and yellow with a tinge of red, July to January. Leaves have pleasant lemon scent. Warm position in semi-shade; adapts reasonably well to Canberra's soil and climate; normally no pruning needed apart from occasional tip-pruning after flowering. Fertilise early spring. Protection from frost advisable, especially while the plant is young. Adequate summer water is necessary.

Epacris calvertiana var. calvertiana

Family: Ericaceae Small shrub with erect branches 1-2m x 1m. Flowers early spring to mid spring. Needs well-drained, moist soil and semi-shade or filtered sunlight. Pruning after flowering will promote bushy growth. Tolerant of light to medium frosts.

Epacris longiflora 'Nectar Pink'

Dwarf, upright, straggly shrub 0.5-1.3m x 0.5m. Pink flowers with lighter tips, most of the year. Dappled, semi-shade or partial sun; need well-drained, light to medium soils; can be pruned. Frost hardy to -7°C. Suitable for containers and rockeries. Bird attracting.

Eremophila subfloccosa ssp. subfloccosa

Family: Scrophulariaceae Low spreading shrub 0.5-1m x1-2 m. Yellow to green flowers, covered in soft white hairs and tubular in shape. Leaves and branches densely covered with branched and glandular hairs. Sandy soils, gravel, clay loam Marginally frost hardy. Although difficult to establish, once established it generally does not require artificial watering.

Grevillea beadliana [Advanced Plants only] Family: Proteaceae

Medium shrub 2.5m x 2.5m. Mauve to purplish toothbrush flowers in winter and spring. Well drained soil in sunny or semi-shaded position. Tolerates extended dry periods once established and is tolerant of at least moderate frosts. Endangered in the wild.

Grevillea guthrieana [Advanced Plants only]

Common name: Guthrie's grevillea

Spreading shrub with weeping habit to 2m high. Terminal flowers are green and maroon. Needs sandy, well drained yet moist soil in either open or semi-shaded position. Endangered in the wild.

Hakea francisiana Family: Proteaceae

Common names: Grass Leaf Hakea, Pink Spike Hakea

Large upright shrub of varied width to 4m. Deep pink, reddish or reddish-purple flowers in winter and spring. Prefers sun or light shade in well-drained light to heavy soil. Frost and drought tolerant. Attractive to honey eating birds.

Hakea laurina Family: Proteaceae

Common name: Pincushion Hakea

Shrub or small tree 5m x 3-10m. Soft cardinal or cherry red flowers, April to August. Full sun. Most soils. New tip growth is frost sensitive. Frost and drought tolerant. Prune lightly for shape. Attracts nectar feeding birds.

Hakea multilineata Family: Proteaceae

Common name: Grass-leaf Hakea

Large open shrub or small tree 5m x 2.5m. Flowers pale to deep pink in winter. Prefers open sunny to semi shade position in sandy well-drained soil. Frost and drought tolerant. Prune to shape. Attractive to honey eating birds.

Hakea petiolaris [Regular and advanced plants] Family: Proteaceae

Common name: Sea Urchin Hakea

Erect shrub or small tree 2-9m x 2-6m. Cream flowers in late autumn and early winter. Needs open sunny position in well-drained soil. Frost and drought tolerant. Can take light pruning but not necessary. Attracts honey eating birds.

Family: Fabaceae

Family: Proteaceae

Family: Myrtaceae

Family: Myrtaceae

Hardenbergia violacea 'Minihaha'

Common names: Native Sarsaparilla, Dwarf Hardenbergia

Evergreen dwarf, scrambling shrub. Form of the native climber with profuse deep violet pea-shaped flowers in late winter to early spring. Grows well in full sun to light shade preferring a well-drained soil. Prune after flowering to maintain a more compact habit. Some summer watering may be necessary until established.

Hibbertia pedunculata Family: Dilleniaceae

Prostrate groundcover, may spread to 60 cm. Many yellow flowers in late spring and summer but some throughout the year. Thrives in well-drained soils. Frost tolerant, unknown drought tolerance Weed suppressant if planted no more than 50cm apart.

Homoranthus papillatus Family: Myrtaceae

Dwarf compact shrub 0.6-1m x 1-2m. Flat-topped, horizontal branches. Strongly scented, yellowish flowers during spring and summer. Fine grey foliage. Sunny or semi-shaded aspect; most well-drained acidic soils. Hardy to -7°C and drought tolerant. Can be pruned. Attracts birds. Strong floral odour.

Howittia triocularis Family: Malvaceae

Small to medium, erect shrub 1.5-3.5m x 1.5-2.5m. 3cm violet hibiscus-like flowers; late winter/early spring. Prefers dappled shade; needs moist, freely draining, sandy or clay loam. Hardy to moderate frosts; not drought tolerant. Prune from early stage for bushy growth. Hardy, long-flowering species

Isopogon anemonifolius

Common name: Drumsticks

Upright bushy shrub 0.6-2m x 1-2m. Showy, soft yellow flowers from October to January. Prefers full to part sun in most well-drained soils. Hardy to most frosts, drought tolerant. Does respond well to pruning but best to allow natural shape to develop. Cones are attractive, good cut flower.

Kunzea ambigua (prostrate)

Family: Myrtaceae Prostrate groundcover 0.3-0.6m x 0.5-1.5m. White, honey-scented flowers in Spring. Sun or part shade; well-drained soil. Tolerates light frost, drought tolerant. Attracts bees, birds and butterflies

Kunzea 'Badja Carpet' Family: Myrtaceae

Robust trailing or prostrate shrub with spreading habit 0.3m x 3m. Fluffy white flowers in early summer. Prefers full sun and reasonably drained soils. Extremely frost resistant, reasonably drought tolerant. Withstands hard pruning to keep shape. Reddish new stems. Attracts butterflies and bees.

Leptospermum polygalifolium 'Copper Glow'

Moderately open shrub to 3mx2m. Small white flowers. Distinctive dark foliage with bronze tipped, narrow leaves. Most soils and aspects suitable but prefers moist soils. Frost hardy to -7°C. Good screen plant.

Leptospermum rotundifolium 'Lavender Queen'

Open shrub 1.5m high. Large lavender flowers from October to December. Grows best in full sun to part shade; needs moist well-drained soil. Frost hardy to -7°C. Drought tolerance not known. Prune lightly after flowering. Cut flower. Aromatic leaves. Attracts bees, nectar eating birds, butterflies and other insects.

Leucophyta brownii Family: Asteraceae

Small shrub 1m x 1.5m. Compact, rounded habit. Flowers are yellow button-like heads from late spring to summer. Silvery foliage reflects light very strongly and contrasts against other vegetation. Best in full sun but tolerates some shade, dislikes high humidity. Light and well-drained soil. Frost tolerant but may need some care to establish for drought tolerance. Low maintenance.

Lomandra longifolia Family: Lomandraceae

Common Name: Spiny-headed Mat Rush

Dense tussocks 0.5-1m x 0.6-1m. Will grow in almost any soil with good drainage. Narrow strap-like leaves arch over rocks or edgings. Crowded spiny flower spikes, strongly perfumed on hot days. Brown shiny fruits on spikes, Full to part sun. Frost hardy to -7°C. Good feature in grass garden. Narrow strap-like leaves arch over rocks or edgings. Crowded spiny flower spikes, strongly perfumed on hot days. Brown shiny fruits on spikes. Local.

Lythrum salicaria Family: Lythraceae

Common name: Purple Loosestrife

Perennial herb to 1.5m with a number of erect stems. Flowers are held in long, terminal spikes and are pink-purple or bluish, November to May. The blooms are an eye-catching feature. Favours wet situations such as swampy ground. An ideal plant to grow in aquatic environments. Can die down in winter but bounce back in spring.

Melaleuca linearis var. pinifolia (green form)

Family: Myrtaceae Small to medium shrub 1.5m x 1.5m. Lime green flowers in spring. Prefers reasonable drainage but can tolerate less than perfect drainage. Responds to annual fertilising after flowering. May be pruned severely if necessary. Frost hardy to -7°C. Performs best with regular watering. Salt tolerant. Useful as a windbreak in coastal areas.

Melaleuca 'Paynes Hybrid'

Family: Myrtaceae Woody erect shrub 1-3m x 1-2m. Brilliant red flowers in lateral spikes Sept. to Oct. Prefers sunny position in light soil with very good drainage. Needs overhead cover as is susceptible to very heavy frosts. Needs some extra water in very dry periods. (M. steedmanii x fulgens).

Family: Myrtaceae

Family: Geraniaceae

Melaleuca thymifolia 'Little Beauty'

Compact, dense shrub 0.3m x 0.6m. Ordinary enriched soil, mildly acidic to mildly alkaline. Mauve flowers borne in dense clusters across the top of the plant. Pruning helps keep the plant more compact and assists in the production of more flowering wood.

Mirbelia oxylobioides Family: Fabaceae

Common name: Mountain Mirbelia

Spreading or erect shrub 0.3-2.5m x 1-3m. Orange-yellow flowers in summer, followed by brown pods.

Nephrolepis cordifolia Family: Oleandraceae

Common Name: Fishbone Fern

Full sun to deep shade. Adapts to most positions but needs frost protection. Dense clusters of arching fronds.

Spreads by rhizome.

Olearia asterotricha Family: Asteraceae

Common Name: Rough Daisy Bush

Shrub to 2m. Grows naturally in heath or dry sclerophyll, Blue Mtns to Moss Vale. White daisy flowers with a yellow centre, to 3.5 cm diam. October to July.

Olearia floribunda Family: Asteraceae

Common Name: Heath Daisy Bush

Shrub to 1.5m x 0.5-1m. Masses of small white daisy flowers in spring and early summer. Tiny leaves. Hardy in most soils and situations. Mulch well. Needs regular pruning to reduce woodiness at base. Frost hardy to -7°C.

Oxylobium robustum Family: Fabaceae

Rounded open shrub or small tree to 3mH. Yellow pea-flowers spring and early summer. Showy in flower. Prefers good drainage and a little shade. Mulch well to maintain cool root run. Frost hardy to -7°C.

Pelargonium rodneyanum

Common name: Magenta Storksbill

Groundcover 0.3m x 0.5m. Magenta flowers, November to May. Prefers full sun to semi-shaded position in welldrained, slightly acidic soil. Frost hardy to -7° C, semi drought tolerant. Benefits from a hard pruning in winter.

Persoonia chamaepitys Family: Proteaceae

Common names: Mountain Geebung, Prostrate Geebung

Prostrate groundcover 0.1-0.3m x 1-3m. Deep yellow to orange flowers in summer, followed by green edible fruit (Geebungs). Needs full or part shade and well-drained, light acidic soil. Frost hardy to -7°C, drought tolerant. Can be pruned. Good in rockeries and pots.

Philotheca 'Poorinda' Family: Rutaceae

Small to medium, rounded shrub 1.5m x 0.8m. Large clusters of flowers, bright pink buds opening to white/pink, from spring to summer. Grow in full sun to dappled shade. Suits most soils. Frost hardy to -7°C, drought tolerant. Can be pruned. Cross between a large leaved form of *P. myoporoides* and pink form of *P. verrucosa*.

Podocarpus lawrencei [Male and Female plants in each pot]

Common name: Mountain Plum Pine

Medium to large spreading shrub up to 1m x 2-3m in its alpine habitat. Slow growing. Cones on the male plants are pink-purplish colour, in spring. On the female fruit is a bright red, succulent berry-like structure, with an attached hard green seed, in summer. Full sun. Regular watering and some light pruning for desired shape and a faster rate of growth than occurs in its natural environment. Frost hardy, tolerant of dry conditions.

Family: Podocarpaceae

Family: Rhamnaceae

Family: Lamiaceae

Family: Lamiaceae

Family: Lamiaceae

Family: Asteraceae

Family: Proteaceae

Polycias sambucifolia Family: Araliaceae

Shrub 3m x 5m. Almost invisible yellow-green flowers, followed by clusters of attractive pale lavender berries. Prefers mulched, well-drained soils. Regular weekly watering over summer. Frost hardy to -4° C. Grown for ferny foliage. Prune branches off if affected by borers or gum.

Notes on Growing Pomaderris

Pomaderris are useful for growing in shaded sites, especially beneath established trees. Most species respond well to pruning from an early age and can form hedges. They generally prefer acidic soils and like to be in moist conditions year round when young. Established plants will tolerate extended dry periods. *Pomaderris* respond well to light applications of native (low phosphorus) fertilizers, however too much fertilizer may result in the growth of foliage at the expense of roots, resulting in unstable plants. Little is needed in terms of pest control; pests and diseases rarely cause problems. [Compiled by volunteer guides in the Pomaderris Working Group]

Pomaderris brunnea Family: Rhamnaceae

Medium shrub 2-4m x 1.5-3m. Grey to brown buds opening to cream flowers, Sept-Oct. Grows at low altitude in shallow, sandy soils of gullies and slopes near waterways. Needs good drainage, acidic soils in semi-shade. Withstands moderate frosts.

Pomaderris eriocephala

Spreading woody shrub 1-3m. Attractive veined leaves. Compact heads of cream flowers in spring. Hardy with good drainage in full sun or part shade. Frost hardy to -7°C. Decorative species.

Pomaderris velutina Family: Rhamnaceae

Slender shrub 1-2.5m x 1-2.5m. Greyish-rusty hairy buds, yellow flowers in pyramidical panicles to about 8cm, often profuse and conspicuous. Needs well-drained, acidic soil in semi-shade. Tolerates moderate to heavy frosts. Responds well to pruning. Food source for some Lepidoptera.

Prostanthera hirtula var. angustifolia

Low shrub to 0.7m. Mauve flowers in spring.

Prostanthera 'Poorinda Petite'

Common Name: Mint Bush

Small to medium, moderately compact, aromatic shrub 2.5m x 2.5m. Mauve flowers 1cm long, can be profuse and conspicuous from Sept to Nov. Needs moderately well-drained acidic soils. Prefers a semi-shaded aspect but will tolerate plenty of sunshine. Hardy to most frosts and light snowfalls.

Prostanthera rotundifolia

Common Name: Round-leaf Mint Bush

Shrub 2m x 1.5m. Profuse clusters of purple, pink or white flowers. Prune after flowering. Aromatic foliage. May need some water in dry periods.

Rhodanthe chlorocephala (Giant Mixed)

Common names: Everlasting, Paper-Daisy

Erect annual herb 0.64m H. Papery flower heads 3cm in diameter. Very showy. Appreciates well-prepared soil and full sun. Protect seedlings from heavy frosts. Pinch out growing stems to encourage bushiness and more flowers.

Telopea 'Braidwood Brilliant'

Upright shrub 1.5-2m x 1-2m. Brilliant red globular flowers late October to early November. Prefers well-drained sandy soil. In heavier soils, plant in beds raised to 30cm. Mulch well. Apply low phosphorus fertiliser in spring. Frost hardy to -7° C. Prune after flowering. Grows well in a large 'water well' pot. (*T. speciomissima* x *T. mongaensis*).

Telopea 'Corroboree' Family: Proteaceae

Dense, medium to large shrub $2-3m \times 2-3m$. Clusters of bright red flowers from spring to summer. Well-drained soil in full sun or part shade. Medium frost tolerance. Suitable for large container. Bird attracting and good cut flower.

Telopea mongaensis

Common names: Monga Waratah, Braidwood Waratah

Large shrub with lignotuber $2-6m \times 1.5-4m$. Flat red terminal compound flowers, November to December. Long pods with winged seeds, turn brown when mature. Grows in full or part sun, prefers overhead cover and acidic soil with good drainage. Summer watering required. Protect from hot winds. Snow and frost tolerant, not drought tolerant. Cut flowers to keep bush within bounds. For rejuvenation cut some branches back to above the lignotuber.

Family: Proteaceae

Family: Campanulaceae

Family: Lamiaceae

Family: Asteraceae

Family: Asteraceae

Telopea speciosissima x mongaensis

Upright shrub 2-3m \mathbf{x} 2m. Brilliant red globular flowers late October to early November. Prefers well-drained sandy soil. In heavier soils, plant in beds raised to 30cm. Mulch well. Apply low phosphorus fertiliser in spring. Frost hardy to -7° C. Prune after flowering. *T. speciosissima* \mathbf{x} *T. mongaensis* that has occurred at the ANBG.

Teucrium argutum Family:Lamiaceae

Common name: Native Germander

Dwarf perennial herb, often suckering & scrambling 0.5-0.6m x 0.5m. Deep pinkish purple flowers in early summer to early winter. Dry between watering to constantly moist. Rejuvenate by moderately heavy pruning after flowering. Withstands heavy frosts. Good for borders or mass planting.

Viola hederacea Family: Violaceae

Common name: Native violet

Small mat-forming groundcover. White and purple flowers most of year. Good for rockery or hanging basket. Prefers damp spot in sun or full shade. Can die back in winter. Frost hardy to -7° C.

Wahlenbergia gloriosa

Common Name: Royal Bluebell

Small, slender, creeping to semi-erect perennial herb. Deep blue to purple bell-shaped flowers on long slender stems, in October to March. Needs light, enriched soil in sunny to semi-shaded positions in cool regions. Very shallow rooted so soil must be kept moist and well-drained. Organic matter added to soil helps enable suckering. Extremely frost hardy, not drought tolerant. Needs regular summer watering. Grows well in 'water-well' pots and hanging baskets.

Westringia fruticosa 'Morning Light'

Small compact shrub1m \mathbf{x} 1m. White flowers most of the year. Prefers sun to light shade. Does well on a range of soils if well-drained. Frost hardy to -7° C, drought tolerant. Prune regularly to shape. Variegated foliage.

Xerochrysum bracteatum

Common Name: Straw Flower

Annual daisy 0.3 1m x 0.6-0.8m. Showy everlasting flowers of white, cream, gold, pink or bronze red in spring and summer. Very hardy in sunny situations with moist well-drained soil. Self-seeds readily.

Xerochrysum bracteatum (Tom Thumb mix)

Common Name: Straw Flower

Annual daisy to 40-60cm. Long lasting pastel flowers. Well-drained soil in open sunny position.

Zieria 'Carpet Star' Family: Rutaceae

Groundcover to 1.5m diameter. Clusters of dainty pale pink to white flowers from winter to spring. Full sun to semi-shade in well-drained soil. Withstands salt, frost and drought.

OUR NEXT SALE WILL BE HELD ON SATURDAY 30th MARCH 2019

The **Growing Friends** is one way in which the **Friends of the Australian National Botanic Gardens** enjoy combining their interest in native plants with support of these important Gardens. All proceeds from this Sale will go towards projects in the Gardens.

The **Growing Friends** meet at 9.30 on the first Saturday of each month. A warm welcome is extended to any Friends who would like to join us.

For more details please contact John Connolly (6255 8695) or Maurice Hermann (0429 361 256).