# **AUTUMN SALE 2020 DESCRIPTIONS OF PLANTS**

Sizes are given as height x width

Plants grown from seed may vary in form due to the possibility of hybridization

Acacia buxifolia [from seed] Family: Fabaceae

Common name: Box Leaf Wattle

Open, erect shrub 3m x 2m. Masses of small golden ball-shaped flowers in late winter/early spring. Blue-grey foliage; elliptical phyllodes to 3cm. Sunny; most well-drained soils. Frost hardy to -7°C. Tolerates dry periods. Low-level cover in windbreaks. Flowers are food source for native moths, butterflies, other insects and seed a food source for native birds.

Acacia cognata [from seed] Family: Fabaceae

Small pendulous tree 6m x 6m. Profuse pale yellow flowers, autumn. Long, weeping, narrow, perfumed foliage. Part sun with some overhead cover; moist well-drained soils. Frost hardy to -7°C.

Acacia cognata 'Green Mist'

Family: Fabaceae Dense shrub, weeping habit 1m x 2m. Pale yellow ball flowers. Long narrow leaves, fine and pendulous; lime green foliage. Full sun to part shade; well-drained moist soil. Frost tolerant to -7°C, but protect from frost when young; drought tolerant. Attractive weeping form; very suitable for small gardens.

Acacia gladiiformis [from seed] Family: Fabaceae

Common name: Sword Wattle

Erect, shrub 1-4m x 0.5-1m. Bright yellow globular flowers from Nov. to Feb. Narrow curved leathery leaves. Sunny position but tolerates semi-shade; light to heavy well-drained soil. Frost hardy to -7°C. Prune after flowering to prevent getting straggly. Highly ornamental.

Acacia lanigera Family: Fabaceae [from seed]

Common Name: Woolly or Hairy Wattle

Small rounded shrub 1-2m x 1-2m. Small golden ball-shaped flowers occur in spring. Young growth is densely woolly, phyllodes narrow to 6cm. Responds to sunny, reasonably well-drained positions in most soils. Responds well to pruning. Frost tolerant to -7°C. Hardy. Low maintenance.

Allocasuarina nana Family: Casuarinaceae

Common name: Dwarf She-oak

Small woody shrub 1m x 3m; dense shape. Female flowers are red; male flowers are brown; 1cm nobbly cones. Leaves needle-like. Full or filtered sun; most reasonably drained soils are suitable; no pruning required. Frost hardy to -7°C; drought tolerant. Excellent foliage contrast; good screen or low hedge.

Austromyrtus dulcis Family: Myrtaceae

Common name: Midgen, Midgen Berry

Spreading shrub 0.6m x 1.4m. White flowers 7-10mm diameter. In its natural habitat flowers spring and summer; in Canberra summer to mid-autumn. Berry fruits: white and covered in small blue black spots, giving a mauvish appearance; edible and sweet. Glossy dark green leaves with numerous conspicuous oil glands. Young copper coloured growing shoots are densely silky hairy. In full sun forms dense spreading shrub to 40cm x 1.4m; in more shaded areas becomes a more open ground cover. Requires an assured moisture level and some overhead tree shelter in areas of severe frosts.

Austrostipa densiflora [from seed] Family: Poaceae

Common name: Foxtail Speargrass

Tufted grass to 1m x 0.5m. Green with red, open panicles spring-summer. Fine hairy leaves. Part to full sun in well-drained soil. Frost hardy to -7°C; drought tolerant. Remove spent heads. Feature grass; green all year; can be grazed.

Banksia ericifolia 'Red Clusters' Family: Proteaceae

Bushy shrub 5m x 4m. Long red flower spikes in autumn and winter. Distinctive bright green foliage similar to that of the genus Erica. Suits most conditions. Frost hardy. Good screening plant.

Banksia 'Giant Candles' Family: Proteaceae

Tall, rounded shrub 5m x 5m. Believed to be hybrid between B. ericifolia and B. spinulosa. Bronze flower spikes in autumn can reach 40cm. Full sun results in better flowering. Soil should be well-drained. Frost tolerant to -7°C; drought tolerant. Lightly prune to shape anytime. Good feature and screening plant, attracting birds. Can be used for cut flowers/fruit.

Banksia integrifolia subsp. integrifolia (prostrate form) Family: Proteaceae

Common name: Coast Banksia

Compact form to 0.5m. Prefers sandy acidic soil or sandy loam in full sun to part shade. Can be pruned to retain compact shape. Frost hardy to -7°C; moderately drought tolerant.

Banksia marginata 'Cape Patterson Dwarf' Family: Proteaceae

Low sprawling shrub to 1m x 1m. Yellow cylindrical flower spikes; spring to autumn. Leaves green, narrow with silver underneath and toothed margins. Possibly B. *marginata* x *B. integrifolia*. Full sun or part shade; prefers good drainage; prune to shape. Frost hardy to  $-7^{\circ}$ C; reasonably drought tolerant. Attractive to birds and bees.

Banksia penicillata Family: Proteaceae

Medium to large shrub 3-4m x 3m; smooth barked trunk to 1m before branching. Narrow flower spikes 60-190mm x 60mm, pale yellow when fully open. Distinctive flower buds vary in colour. Elliptical leaves, deep green on top and silvery below. New growth is attractive brownish-red. Mature leaf margins usually serrated. Reliable in temperate/subtropical climates on well-drained soil; full sun or dappled shade. Useful as a densely foliaged screen plant. Colourful foliage and buds.

Banksia serrata 'Pygmy Possum'

Small mound-shaped shrub, with arching branches 1.6m x 2.5m. Yellow/cream flowers, late summer and autumn. Serrated leaves, similar to Banksia serrata but smaller. Sun or light shade; well-drained soil preferred. Frost hardy to −7°C; drought tolerant. Prune if necessary. Suitable for coastal areas; also suitable for bonsai.

Banksia spinulosa 'Birthday Candles'

Family: Proteaceae Low growing, cushion shaped shrub 0.5m x 1m. Short orange spikes with reddish styles, from autumn. Full sun results in better flowering; needs well-drained soil. Frost tolerant; drought tolerant. Lightly prune to shape anytime. Special features: rockery; container; coastal; attracts birds.

Banksia spinulosa 'Coastal Cushion'

Family: Proteaceae Low growing shrub; cushion shape 0.5m x 1.5m. Gold cones with maroon styles; autumn. Narrow toothed leaves. Well-drained soil; full sun results in better flowering. Lightly prune to shape anytime. Frost and drought tolerant.

Banksia spinulosa 'Honeypots'

Family: Proteaceae Hardy small shrub  $1m \times 1m$ ; broad-domed. Golden spikes of flowers, from autumn to spring. Dense foliage. Full sun results in better flowering; soil should be well-drained. Frost hardy to  $-7^{\circ}$ C; drought tolerant. Lightly prune to shape anytime; remove spent flower heads. Suitable for rockery or containers. Attracts birds.

Banksia spinulosa 'Stumpy Gold'

Small, broad-domed shrub 1m x 1m. Golden spikes of flowers from autumn to spring. Dense foliage with serrated margins. Cultivar of B. spinulosa var. collina. Full sun results in better flowering; well-drained soil. Moderately frost tolerant; drought tolerant. Lightly prune to shape anytime; remove spent flower heads. Special features: rockery; container; attracts birds.

Banksia spinulosa var. collina

Common name: Hill Banksia

Medium to tall spreading shrub 1-4m x 1-5m. Gold flowers with purplish styles, Feb. – July. Leaves: dentate with recurved margins. Full sun results in better flowering; well-drained soil. Pruning promotes more branch joints, hence more flowering points. Frost hardy to –7°C; drought tolerant.

Banksia spinulosa var. spinulosa

Common name: Hairpin Banksia

Shrub 1-3m x 2m. Brown, red, orange and gold flowers from autumn. Full sun for better flowering; light to moderately heavy well-drained soil. Frost hardy to -7°C; drought tolerant. Pruning: unnecessary if growing in open position.

Brachyscome multifida 'Amethyst'

Family: Asteraceae Bushy groundcover 0.2m x 0.4 m. Lavender blue to purple flowers, spring to autumn. Best in full sun but tolerates part shade; any soil type. Prune in late spring to remove spent flowers. Frost hardy to -7°C; drought tolerant.

Brachvscome multifida 'Breakodav'

Family: Asteraceae Bushy perennial herb; dense, prostrate 0.4m x 1m. Blue-mauve daisy flowers, 2cm across occur most of the year but best in spring and summer. Prefers reasonable drainage in full sun; prune old stems in early spring. Frost tolerant to -7°C; drought tolerant. Suits baskets, rockery. Spreads by branching and underground suckers.

Brachyscome multifida 'Roulette'

Family: Asteraceae Prostrate bushy perennial herb. 0.1-0.4m x 0.2-1m. Blue-mauve flowers throughout the year, best in spring and summer. Frost tolerant to -7°C; drought tolerant. Spreads by branching and underground suckers.

Brachyscome multifida

(white form)

Family: Asteraceae Dense, prostrate groundcover 0.1-0.4m x 0.2-0.4m. Large white daisy flowers, most of year but best in spring and summer. Prefers reasonable drainage in full sun. Tolerates light frosts; drought tolerance is low. Prune old flowers for continuous display. Suits baskets, rockery. Spreads by branching and underground suckers.

Family: Proteaceae

Family: Proteaceae

Family: Proteaceae

Family: Proteaceae

Brachyscome 'Strawberry Mousse'

Family: Asteraceae Low, spreading ground cover 0.15m x 1m. Showy pink flowers with gold centres, from spring through to autumn. Full to part sun. Hardy in most soils with good drainage. No need to prune. Frost hardy to -7°C; drought tolerant. Suitable for containers, hanging baskets, rockeries and as ground cover.

Callistemon citrinus 'Splendens'

Family: Myrtaceae Large rounded and compact shrub 2–3m x 2-3m. Brilliant red flowers are borne prolifically, spring to summer; spikes 12cm x 7cm. New growth pinkish and slightly hairy. Full sun to light shade; most soils. Tolerates light frost; drought resistant. One of the best red callistemons; fast growing; bird attractor.

Callistemon 'Little John'

Family: Myrtaceae Small shrub 0.75m x 5m. Red flowers in spring, summer. Grey green soft foliage. Shade or full sun; suits most soil types. Moderately tolerant to frost. Drought tolerant once established. Tip prune after flowering. Low maintenance plant suitable for courtyards and containers.

Callistemon 'Nabiac Red' Family: Myrtaceae

Erect, medium to tall shrub 2-3m x 2m. Bright red bottlebrush flowers in spring-early summer and sporadic. Broad lanceolate leaves with a sharp point. Full to part sun; adaptable to most soils; prune behind flowers for dense appearance. Frost tolerant to -7°C; tolerates dry conditions. Very hardy; bird attractant.

Callistemon subulatus Family: Myrtaceae

Small shrub 1-1.5m x 1.8m; slightly pendulous. Red bottlebrush flowers in summer. Tolerates most conditions; hardy in most soils. Frost hardy to  $-7^{\circ}$ C; drought tolerant. Tip prune or prune after flowering. Very floriferous; bird attracting.

Family: Myrtaceae

Family: Myrtaceae

Family: Rutaceae

Family: Rutaceae

Family: Rutaceae

Family: Rutaceae

Callistemon 'White Anzac'

Small sprawling shrub 1m x 3m. White bottlebrush flowers, ageing to cream, late winter to spring. Dull green, lanceolate leaves to 6cm. Responds to sun, water and food; takes heavy soils and wet spots. Frost hardy to –7°C. Prune to shape. Form of *C. citrinus* found at Anzac Cove, NSW.

# Calytrix tetragona (prostrate form)

Common name: Fringe Myrtle

Prostrate 0.30m x 1m. Bright green, heath like foliage. Star-like flowers, white to deep pink from Aug. to Nov. Any well-drained soil. Frost hardy to  $-7^{\circ}$ C; tolerates extended dry periods. Prune lightly. Easily grown, very hardy shrub for small gardens.

Correa baeuerlenii Family: Rutaceae

Common name: Chef's Hat Correa

Rounded shrub 1.5m x 1.5m. Green bell-shaped flowers through autumn and winter. Needs sunny position but will accept some shade. Well-drained soil. Frost and drought hardy. Prune to keep compact.

Correa 'Cane's hybrid' Family: Rutaceae

Low spreading shrub 0.6 m x 1m. Prominent pale pink/cream tubular flowers in winter. Hairy leaves. Suits most soils with reasonable drainage; dappled shade or part sun. Frost tolerant to  $-7^{\circ}$ C. Protect root zone from hot sun. Great for small gardens and pots. Prune to shape. A vigorous cultivar.

Correa 'Ivory Bells' Family: Rutaceae

Dense shrub 1.5m x 1.5m with profuse long-flowering cream bells. Attracts honey-eating birds. Needs moist, well-drained soils. Hardy under cultivation, particularly in a protected position. Will tolerate full sun and extended dry periods once established. Prune regularly. Frost tolerant to  $-7^{\circ}$ C; drought tolerant.

## Correa lawrenceana var. grampiana

Common name: Grampians Mountain Correa

Large shrub to 2.5m. Tubular flowers, hairy and yellow-green. Leaves are about 40mm x 17mm; dark green on the upper surface, the lower surface is covered with hairs. Grows on rocky woodlands. Frost hardy; drought tolerant. Attracts birds.

## Correa lawrenceana var. macrocalyx

Common name: Mountain Correa

Large shrub to 4.5m. Tubular flowers, velvety and reddish or yellow-green. Leaves are about 5-10cm x 30-70mm; dark green on the upper surface; lower surface is covered with hairs. Cool, moist, partly shaded position; known to tolerate frost and snow. Drought tolerant once established. Can be used as a screening plant and will attract honeyeaters to the garden.

Correa 'Marian's Marvel' Family: Rutaceae

Open hardy shrub 1-2m x 3m. Flowers pale pink upper, pale green lower, from Feb. to Oct. Grows in most situations, preferring filtered sun but will grow in full sun. Frost hardy and requires extra water in extended dry periods. Suitable as a hedge. (*C.reflexa* x *C. backhouseana*)

Correa 'Vanilla Ice' Family: Rutaceae

Very dense low-growing spreading shrub 0.8m x 2m. Frosty white bells with ribbed petals and recurved tips, summer to winter. Strongly veined, apple green heart-shaped leaves. Well-drained soils in full sun to part shade. Very frost and drought hardy. Suits foreground planting in the garden or as a filler between other larger shrubs. Prune annually to maintain shape.

#### Correa 'Western Pink Star'

Common name: Native Fuchsia

Dense spreading shrub to 1m. Floriferous, showy shrub with star-like, open, pink flowers in winter. Full sun. Frost hardy to -7°C. Tip prune after flowering to retain a dense shape. Attracts honey-eating birds.

### Crowea exalata 'Southern Stars'

Low, spreading shrub 0.6m x 0.6m. Mauve-pink flowers in summer, autumn and winter. Needs full sun to half shade and mulching. Suits most soils. Frost tolerant to  $-7^{\circ}$ C.

Crowea 'Pink Blush' Family: Rutaceae

Small to medium shrub 1m x 1.2m. Pink buds open white and tinge to pink with age, spring to autumn. Prefers dappled shade or partial sun; most well-drained soils. Frost hardy to  $-7^{\circ}$ C; moderately drought tolerant. Light trim after flowering. Ideal for gardens or containers and as cut flower. (*C. exalata x C. saligna*)

Crowea saligna 'Rosy Glow'

Family: Rutaceae Small neat bush 0.5m x 0.5m. Large rose coloured flowers up to 4cm in winter. Elongated bright green leaves. Prefers part shade; well-drained damp soil. Frost hardy to  $-7^{\circ}$ C. Produces extra-large flowers and is suitable for a pot. Can be pruned in early spring.

Darwinia citriodora Family: Myrtaceae

Common name: Lemon-scented Darwinia

Compact rounded shrub 1-1.5m x 1-1.5m. Slightly pendulous terminal clusters of 4, sometimes 5 or 6; prominent bracts and long protruding styles; colour may change from yellow with red stigmas to orange-red; corolla segments are small and yellow with a tinge of red. In Canberra flowers from July to January or even longer. Leaves usually rich green, colouring during winter with traces of purple-red. Numerous oil glands on underside of the leaves; pleasant Iemon scent. Warm position in semi-shade; adapts reasonably well to Canberra's soil and climate. Normally no pruning needed apart from occasional tip-pruning after flowering; fertilise early spring. Protection from frost advisable, especially while the plant is young; adequate summer water is necessary.

Epacris longiflora 'Nectar Pink'

Family: Ericaceae Dwarf, upright, straggly shrub 0.5-1.3m x 0.5m. Pink flowers with lighter tips, most of the year. Dappled, semi-shade or partial sun; needs well-drained, light to medium soils; can be pruned. Frost hardy to -7°C. Suitable for containers and rockeries. Bird attracting.

Eremophila glabra 'Kalbarri Carpet'

Family: Scrophulariaceae Dense groundcover 0.1 to 0.2m x 2m. The tubular flowers are yellow, rich in nectar and form a ring around the stems at the base of each leaf. Blooms are profuse, conspicuous and appear in spring and summer. Foliage is soft and silvery-grey. Needs a well-drained soil and low phosphorus fertiliser; dislikes excess humidity. Tip prune to improve foliage density and flower production. Tolerates light frost; and drought. Mass plant; use on banks and retaining walls; good for large containers.

Grevillea 'Boongala Spinebill'

Family: Proteaceae Medium, spreading, rounded shrub 1-2.5m x 2-5m. Bright red 'toothbrush' flowers, most of year. Leaves deeply lobed, fern-like. Sun or semi-shade in well-drained soil. Frost hardy to -7°C. Responds well to pruning. Bird and insect attracting; long-lived.

Grevillea 'Hunter Beauty'

Family: Proteaceae Ground cover shrub 0.3m x 4m. Bright pink flowers with green styles; August-September. Deep green leaves; bronze new growth. Shade tolerant. Needs overhead cover. Prune to shape. Not frost tolerant; moderately drought hardy but may suffer stress if temperatures rise above 35°C. Suitable for banks and rockeries. Cultivar (G. asplenifolia x G. laurifolia)

Grevillea lavandulacea Family: Proteaceae

Common name: Lavender Grevillea

Variable shrub 2.5m x 1-3m. Red and white flowers, Autumn to Spring. Small, narrow to elliptical; grey or grey-green leaves. Sunny position, tolerates light shade; acid soils, well-drained; best in drier climates without excessive summer humidity; low phosphorus fertiliser. Frost tolerant to -7°C; drought tolerant. Good foliage contrast; striking flower colour.

Grevillea 'Poorinda Royal Mantle'

Prostrate shrub, spreading to 3-8m. Toothbrush racemes of magenta to bright red flowers to 8 cm; profuse for most of the year. Requires well-drained soils in full sun or semi shade. Frost hardy to -7°C. Once established, this plant is relatively drought resistant down to 400mm rain. Attractive young foliage. Attracts birds and bees; a good source of pollen but does not produce large amounts of nectar. Vigorous reliable ground cover.

Family: Proteaceae

Family: Proteaceae

Family: Proteaceae

Grevillea 'Robyn Gordon'

Family: Proteaceae Evergreen, medium compact shrub 1–1.5 m x 0.5–1.5 m. Red flowers all year 15cm long x 9 cm wide. Attractive divided leaves. Sun to light shade; suits most well-drained soils. Tolerates light frost and drought. Low maintenance; free flowering; bee and bird attracting. Prune spent flowers and fertilize in spring and summer.

Grevillea rosmarinifolia 'Rosy Posy'

Small, compact shrub 1.5m x 1.5m. Large pendulous racemes of rose-pink flowers throughout year with peaks Aug.-Oct. Well-drained soils in full to filtered sun. Frost hardy to -7°C; drought tolerant. Prune regularly. Hardy and very showy. Attracts nectar feeding birds; good hedge.

Grevillea 'Sid Reynolds'

Family: Proteaceae Dense, rounded shrub 2.5m x 3m. Profuse pale red and pink flowers. Linear-lanceolate fine foliage; upper surface glabrous green; lower surface silvery. Best in well-drained soils; will benefit from pruning; responds well to mulching and occasional deep watering in dry conditions. Frost and drought hardy once established. Ideal for native landscaping; screening and feature planting. Attractive to bird and insect life.

Grevillea x gaudichaudii

Dense, prostrate shrub 0.1-0.3m x 3m. Deep red-burgundy flowers. Fern-like foliage, reddish bronze when new, changing to dark green. Moist, well-drained soil in sun or light shade. Frost and drought tolerant once established. Slow release native fertiliser in spring. Prune lightly after flowering to keep tidy. Useful as a groundcover beneath trees, cascading down an embankment or over a retaining wall.

Family: Proteaceae Hakea carinata

Common name: Erect Hakea

Medium to tall shrub 1.5-3m x 1–2.5m. Racemes of 8-24 flowers; cream and pink, aging to pink, Sept.–Oct. Oblong fruit 1.3-2.6 mm. Narrow leathery leaves 5-24 cm long and 1-12 mm wide. Full sun; loamy to sandy soils; grows well in slightly alkaline soils. Drought tolerant and moderately frost resistant. Good light screen or windbreak. Bird attracting.

Hibbertia pedunculata Family: Dilleniaceae

Prostrate groundcover, may spread to 60 cm. Many yellow flowers in late spring and summer but some throughout the year. Thrives in well-drained soils. Frost tolerant. Weed suppressant if planted no more than 50cm apart.

Homoranthus darwinioides Family: Myrtaceae

Common Name: Fairy Bells

Small shrub 1m x 1m. Small flowers occur in pairs, surrounded by bracts; cream, aging to red; flowering in summer at the ANBG. Small grey-green leaves arranged in a decussate manner. Well-drained, moist soils in full sun or semishade. Tolerates moderate frosts; will tolerate extended periods of drought once established. Responds well to pruning. Listed as vulnerable; facing high risk of extinction in the wild in medium-term future.

Homoranthus papillatus Family: Myrtaceae

Common name: Mouse Bush

Dwarf compact shrub 0.6-1m x 1-2m; flat-topped, horizontal branches. Strongly scented, yellowish flowers during spring and summer. Fine grey foliage. Sunny or semi-shaded aspect; most well-drained acidic soils. Frost hardy to −7°C; drought tolerant. Can be pruned. Attracts birds.

[white form] Hypocalymma angustifolium Family: Myrtaceae

Small, dense shrub 1.0-1.5m x 1.0-1.5m; with flexible, thin weeping branches. Pink or white flowers in spring; stamens are very prominent. Linear leaves, up to 2.5cm long; aromatic. Sun or light shade; shelter from strong winds; mulch well to keep roots cool; well-drained, sandy soil. Tolerates light frost; requires adequate watering. Good cut flower; short-lived perennial.

Kunzea ambigua Family: Myrtaceae

Common name: Tick Bush

Stiff, upright, spreading shrub; variable 2-3m x 4m. White, honey-scented flowers in spring. Small green, dense leaves. Sun or part shade; well-drained soil. Tolerates light frost; drought tolerant. Attracts bees, birds and butterflies.

Kunzea ambigua x capitata Family: Myrtaceae

Common name: Pink Kunzea

Spreading or erect shrub 0.5-1m but can be up to 2m. Flowers are pink to purple and sometimes white, spring to summer. Prefers moist soil in a lightly shaded to sunny position. Frost tolerant. Attracts beneficial insects and birds.

Kunzea baxteri Family: Myrtaceae

Common name: Crimson Kunzea

Open, spreading shrub to 3m x to 3m. Bright red bottlebrush-like flowers, spring and summer. Aromatic foliage. Attracts parrots to flowers and fruit. Full to part sun; most well-drained soils. Needs some overhead protection from frost. Tip prune after flowering.

Kunzea pomifera Family: Myrtaceae

Common names: Muntries, Munthari, Muntaberry or Monterry Emu Apples, Native Cranberries Prostrate 1.5m wide. White flowers in late spring. The berries are about 1 centimetre in diameter, green with a tinge of red at maturity and have a flavour of a spicy apple. Dappled shade as well as full sun; free-draining soil; tip prune in winter. Tolerates light frost; moderately drought tolerant. Bush tucker.

Leionema gracile Family: Rutaceae

Common name: Mt Greville Phebalium

Slender, small shrub 1m x 1m. White/cream, clustered, star-shaped flowers, in spring. Well-drained, slightly acidic soil. Some protection from sun but not heavy shade. Frost and drought tolerant. Light pruning. Scented foliage.

Leptospermum 'Pink Cascade' Family: Myrtaceae

Low, dense shrub; spreading, arching branches 0.5m x 1-1.5m. Flowers pink, fading to white; densely packed, spring and autumn, with some all year. Leaves dark green; new growth red. Flowers better with full sun; suitable for a wide range of soil conditions; can be pruned. Frost hardy to –7°C; drought tolerant. Possibly a hybrid between L. polygalifolium 'Pacific Beauty' and L. scoparium. Cascades over walls; rockery.

Leptospermum rotundifolium 'Julie Ann'

Family: Myrtaceae Prostrate, spreading shrub 0.3m x 1-2m. Pale pink to mauve flowers; Oct. – Dec. Small, rounded, attractive leaves. Naturally occurring prostrate form of *L. scoparium* var. rotundifolium. Full sun to part shade; moist, well-drained soil; responds well to pruning. Frost hardy to -7°C; drought tolerant. Compact; low growing; good cut flower.

Melaleuca bracteata Family: Myrtaceae

Common name: Black tea-tree, River tea-tree or Mock olive

Small tree or medium sized shrub 5-8m. Prune to size to fit smaller gardens. White flowers clusters on or near the ends of the branches during Aug. - Nov. Leaves are scented, dark green, oval and scattered along the branches; each leaf has a sharp point. Tolerant of most well-drained soils and situations. Full sun. Will tolerate moderate frost. Can be used for hedging.

Melaleuca thymifolia 'Little Beauty'

Family: Myrtaceae Small shrub; compact and dense 0.3m x 0.6m. Flowers mauve, borne in dense clusters across top of plant; most of the year, except winter. Hardy in most aspects; thrives in any soil with little attention; pruning helps keep the plant more compact and assists in the production of more flowering wood. Frost hardy to -7°C; drought tolerant.

Family: Euphorbiaceae Micrantheum hexandrum

Common name: Box Micrantheum

Erect shrub 1–3m x 1–2m. Profuse, scented, creamy white flowers in spring. Male flowers on peduncle to 8mm; female flowers shorter but lengthening to 5mm in fruit. New growth bronze to reddish. Hardy in sun or shade; most well-drained soils. Hardy to  $-7^{\circ}$ C. Prune or clip for a neat hedge.

Microlaena stipoides [from seed] Family: Poaceae

Common name: Weeping Grass

Prostrate spreading grass 0.1-0.3m x 0.2-1m. Green heads in summer. Short, narrow, strappy leaves. Full to part sun in reasonably well-drained soil. Frost hardy to -7°C; drought tolerant. Remove spent heads. Good for lawns and in shade.

Micromyrtus ciliata (low form) Family: Myrtaceae

Common name: Fringed heath myrtle

Ground cover 3m wide. Tiny massed flowers, white or flushed pink to red; late winter to November. In a sunny position growth is dense and stiff. Light soil free from lime. Frost tolerant; drought resistant. Light trimming is optional. An excellent ground cover for keeping down weeds.

Muehlenbeckia axillaris Family: Polygonaceae

Common name: Matted Lignum

Prostrate creeping shrub/climber; forms a dense mat up to 40cm x 1m. Small around 0.5cm in diameter; yellowishwhite flowers. Small dark green leaves on dark red-brown stems. Grows well in sun or shade; rocky soil. Very frost hardy. Suitable for rockeries; hardy groundcover.

Myoporum parvifolium 'Purpurea' Family: Scrophulariaceae

Common name: Purple Creeping Boobialla

Prostrate matting groundcover 0.3m x 3m. White starry flowers above leaves in winter. Purple tinged foliage which deepens in winter. Purple stems are of interest. Prefers well-drained sunny position but will withstand wet conditions. Drought and frost hardy. Low maintenance; fast growing.

Phebalium stenophyllum Family: Rutaceae

Common name: Narrow-leaved Phebalium

Smallish, rounded, semi-open shrub 1–1.3m x 1m. Bright yellow terminal cluster of 3-10 flowers in spring. Performs best in a well-drained, partially shaded position. Frost hardy. Established plants can withstand dry periods. Responds well to pruning.

Platysace 'Edna Walling Flower Girl'

Common name: Native Parsnip

Compact, lightly suckering small shrub or groundcover 0.2–0.3m x 0.2–0.4m. Creamy flower heads open from pink buds, making a lovely combination of colour from spring to summer. Tightly set tiny rounded leaves. Sunny to light shade. Prefers loamy, sandy loam, clay loam soils; well-drained moist soil. Tolerates light frost; not drought tolerant. Use as a border, mass planting or pot plant; attracts butterflies, native bees.

Family: Apiaceae

Family: Lamiaceae Plectranthus argentatus

Common name: Silver spurflower

Low, sprawling shrub to 1m x 1m. Lilac flowers borne in spires in autumn. Large hairy leaves; the hairs give it a silvery colour and velvety texture. Can handle dry shade and poor soil. Protect from frost. Cut back quite hard in late winter. Needs to be replaced when it becomes too straggly. Attracts bees; useful plant for dry shade.

Prostanthera florifera Family: Lamiaceae

Common name: Gawler Ranges Mintbush

Dwarf, moderately compact shrub 0.3–1m x 0.3–0.7m. Flowers pinkish red exterior; interior paler with blotches of white, pinkish red, yellow, brown, dark brown or purple; August to October. Highly aromatic leaves; hairy young growth; 0.4-1 cm; attractive light green. Needs well-drained, acidic soils in a warm to hot aspect. Prune to promote denser foliage. Tolerates most frosts and extended dry periods. Good in containers.

Prostanthera incana Family: Lamiaceae

Common name: Velvet Mint Bush

Medium Shrub 1.5 m x 1.5m. Terminal sprays of mauve or occasionally white flowers in spring. Aromatic bright green foliage. Well-drained soil in almost full sun. Frost hardy. Prune regularly. The aroma of the leaves is one of its best features.

Prostanthera lasianthos 'Kallista Pink' Family: Lamiaceae

Tall shrub 4-5m x 3m. Deep pink flowers, borne in profusion early summer. Leaves are up to 15 cm long and from 13 mm to over 19 mm wide. Naturally occurring deep pink flowering form of Prostanthera lasianthos. Moist well-drained soil; will grow in light or heavy soil, in sun or shade, but constant wind should be avoided. Responds well to pruning. Not frost tolerant. Affected by drought but can recover.

Pultenaea pedunculata 'Burnt Orange'

Creeping prostrate, mat-forming shrub 0.2m x 1-2m. Orange yellow terminal cluster of 3-10 flowers; spring to summer. Fruit is a pod up to 5-7mm, maturing between October and January. Best in a well-drained soil; full sun to partially shaded position. Frost hardy; established plants can withstand dry periods. Responds well to pruning.

Family: Fabaceae

Family: Fabaceae

Family: Myrtaceae

# Pultenaea pedunculata 'Pyalong Gold'

Common name: Matted Pea Bush

Creeping prostrate, mat-forming shrub 0.2m x 1-2m. Orange yellow terminal cluster of 3-10 flowers; spring to summer. Fruit is a pod up to 5-7mm, maturing between October and January. Best in a well-drained soil; full sun to partially shaded position. Frost hardy; established plants can withstand dry periods. Responds well to pruning.

Rhagodia spinescens Family: Chenopodiaceae

Common name: Saltbush

Spreading, upright shrub 2m x 1.5-4m. Cream flowers most of the year. Pink or red fruit in the cooler months. Greygreen opposite leaves, ovate to triangular; covered with vesicular hairs. Soil should be loam or clay-loam; tolerates partial shade. Frost tolerant to -5°C; moderately drought tolerant. Prune regularly to maintain shape.

Rhodanthe anthemoides Family: Asteraceae

Common name: Chamomile Sunray

Erect tufted perennial 0.2m x 0.6m. Flower has small yellow central disc and white papery bracts; spring and summer. Soft, furry, grey-green leaves. Most well mulched moist soils are suitable, preferably in full morning sun. Needs regular watering. Fertilise in autumn. Frost hardy to -7°C; not drought tolerant. Prune after flowering to encourage second flowering.

Family: Goodeniaceae Scaevola albida (blue form)

Common name: Pale Fan Flower

Prostrate groundcover 0.4m x 30–40cm. Blue flowers throughout the year. Bright green semi-succulent slightly hairy elliptical leaves with wavy edges. Full sun or semi-shade; soil should be well-drained. Frost hardy; drought tolerant. Root suckering.

Scaevola 'Mauve Clusters' Family: Goodeniaceae

Prostrate suckering plant 0.2m x 1m. Fragrant mauve fan flowers from spring to autumn. Dense, crowded bright green leaves. Needs full or part sun; mulch well; grow in moist, well-drained soil; trim to shape if required. Frost hardy to -7°C. Form of S. aemula.

Telopea mongaensis Family: Proteaceae

Common name: Monga Waratah, Braidwood Waratah

Large shrub with lignotuber 2-6m x 1.5-4m. Flat red terminal compound inflorescences 10cm in diam, Nov.-Dec. Long pods turn brown when mature; open along long side; packed with winged seeds. Large leathery leaves. Full or part sun; acidic soil with good drainage. Overhead cover desirable. Summer watering required. Protect from hot winds. Snow and frost tolerant; not drought tolerant. Cut flowers to keep bush within bounds. For rejuvenation cut some branches back to above the lignotuber.

Telopea speciosissima 'Corroboree'

Family: Proteaceae Dense, medium to large shrub 2-3m x 2-3m. Clusters of bright red flowers from spring to summer. Well-drained soil, slightly acidic in full sun or light shade. Medium frost tolerance. Prune heavily to encourage flowering. Suitable for large container or 'water-well' pot. Bird attracting and good cut flower. Cross between between T. speciosissima and T. mongaensis made at ANBG.

Telopea speciosissima x T. mongaensis

Family: Proteaceae Upright shrub 2-3m x 2-2m. Brilliant red globular flowers late Oct.-early Nov. A cross between T. speciosissima and T. mongaensis that has occurred at the ANBG. Prefers well-drained sandy soil. In heavier soils plant in beds raised to 30cm. Mulch well. Apply low phosphorus fertiliser in spring. Frost hardy to -7°C. Prune after flowering. Try in large container.

Tetratheca ciliata (mauve form) Family: Tremandraceae

Common name: Black-eyed Susan

Small shrub; tufted and sprawling 0.5m x 0.5m. White or mauve bell-shaped flowers; late winter through spring. Small, green leaves. Part sun; moist soil with good drainage; no need to prune. Moderate frost tolerance; not drought tolerant. Grow in rockery or container.

Teucrium argutum Family: Lamiaceae

Common name: Native Germander

Dwarf perennial herb, often suckering & scrambling 0.5-0.6 m x 0.5 m. Deep pinkish purple flowers, early summer to early winter. Mint like leaves, but not perfumed. Dry between watering to constantly moist; rejuvenate by moderately heavy pruning after flowering. Withstands heavy frosts. Good for borders or mass planting.

Thryptomene denticulata Family: Myrtaceae

Low spreading shrub, with an open arching habit 0.4m x 1.5m. Purple flowers in late winter to spring. Tiny crowded leaves; great contrast in garden. Part shade to full sun (preferred). Frost tolerant; drought tolerant once established. Prune by one-third after flowering. Rockery plant.

Thryptomene saxicola 'Pink Lace'

Delicate, pendulous, weeping shrub 0.8m x 1.5m. Tiny, deep pink flowers, in profusion, from winter through spring. Small neat leaves. Thrives in most well-drained positions; prefers full sun to part shade. Frost hardy to -5°C; drought tolerant. Prune after flowering. Deeper pink flowers and more compact than *T. saxicola*. Excellent cut flower.

Family: Myrtaceae Thyyptomene sp

Low spreading shrub, with an open arching habit 1m x 1m. Pink flowers, late winter to spring. Tiny and crowded leaves; aromatic. Well-drained soil; will tolerate slightly alkaline conditions, but prefers neutral to acid soils; prune by one-third after flowering in springtime. Add a bit of fertiliser in spring to encourage new growth. Frost tolerant; drought tolerant once established. Excellent cut flower.

Viola hederacea Family: Violaceae

Common name: Native Violet

Small mat-forming groundcover. White and purple flowers most of year. Good for rockery or hanging basket. Prefers damp spot in sun or full shade. Can die back in winter. Frost hardy to -7°C.

Wahlenbergia gloriosa Family: Campanulaceae

Common Name: Royal Bluebell. ACT floral emblem

Small, slender, creeping to semi-erect perennial herb. Deep blue to purple bell-shaped flowers 3cm diam, on long, slender stems Oct. to Mar. Small dark-green leaves have oblong, wavy edges broadening towards apex. Light, enriched soil in sunny to semi-shaded positions in cool regions. Very shallow rooted so soil must be kept moist but well-drained. Organic matter added to soil helps lighten it and enable suckering. Extremely frost hardy; not drought tolerant. Needs regular summer watering. Grows well in water-well pots and hanging baskets.

Westringea 'Blue Heaven'

Dense, mound-shaped shrub 1.5-2m x 1.5m. Mauve flowers in early spring to early summer. Mid green; spiral leaf arrangement. Thought to be a sport or seedling of W. Wynyabbie Gem'. Sun to light shade; well-drained soil. Tolerates light frost; drought tolerant; responds well to pruning. Soft blue-grey foliage. Attracts native bees and butterflies. Can be hedged.

Westringia fruticosa 'Smokie'

Family: Lamiaceae Small, hardy compact shrub 1.5m x 1.5m. Small, white flowers, tinged mauve, most of the year. Silver grey foliage with cream edges. Full sun; most soils. Prune after flowering to maintain dense shape. Frost hardy to -7°C. Low water requirement once established. Suitable hedging plant; good cut flower.

Westringia 'Morning Light' Family: Lamiaceae

Small compact shrub1m x 1m. White flowers most of the year. Prefers sun to light shade. Does well on a range of soils if well-drained. Frost hardy to -7°C; drought tolerant. Prune regularly to shape. Variegated foliage.

Zieria prostrata 'Carpet Star' Family: Rutaceae

Prostrate spreading ground cover 0.5m x 1.5m. Clusters of dainty pale pink to white flowers from winter to spring. Dark large smooth green glossy aromatic leaves. Full sun to semi-shade in well-drained soil. Withstands salt, frost and drought. Can be grown in pots.

# OUR NEXT SALE WILL BE HELD ON SATURDAY 14<sup>h</sup> NOVEMBER 2020

From 8.30 – 11.0 am (unless sold out earlier)

The Growing Friends is one way in which the Friends of the Australian National Botanic Gardens enjoy combining their interest in native plants with support of these important Gardens. All proceeds from this Sale will go towards projects in the Gardens.

The Growing Friends meet at 9.30 on the first Saturday of each month. A warm welcome is extended to any ANBG Friends who would like to join us.

For more details please contact John Connolly (6255 8695) or Maurice Hermann (0429 361 256).