

12. Also on your right is *Zieria arborescens* *subsp. decurrens*, a rare, tall, robust shrub known only from the Jervis Bay area, NSW (photo below left). This shrub has ridged, downy branchlets with clusters of white flowers.



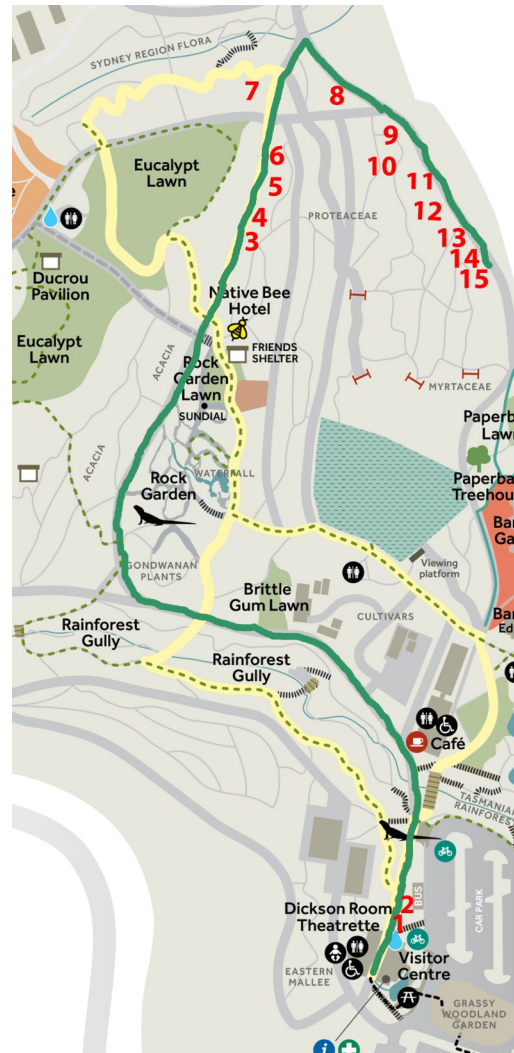
13. Still on your right is *Correa lawrenceana* named after R. Lawrence, a Tasmanian botanist, native to the southeastern coast of mainland Australia and Tasmania (photo above right). This shrub has elliptical, leathery leaves and green bell flowers.

14. To the rear, on your right is *Banksia integrifolia* *subsp. compar* or Coast Banksia, a small tree with long yellow flowers and dark green leaves with silver backs (photo below left). This tree is native to the east coast of Queensland.



15. On your right is *Banksia serrata*, a small tree with ovate, serrated leaves and a wrinkled trunk (photo above right). The trunk wrinkles more with age leading to its common name of Old Man Banksia. *Banksia serrata* is a widespread species in eastern Australia, extending from southern Queensland to Victoria's south coast, across to northern Tasmania.

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Featuring the plants of the Australian National Botanic Gardens, Canberra, ACT. Written and illustrated by ANBG Friends Rosalind and Benjamin Walcott

Today we will walk up the hill behind the café, along the road above the Rock Garden and into the Sydney Gully Region



1. After leaving the Visitor Centre on your right is *Guichenotia ledifolia*, a small shrub with grey green foliage covered in drooping, dusty pink 5-petaled flowers with maroon centres (photo above). This plant is native to southwestern Western Australia.

2. On your right, in a pot, is *Leionema westonii*, a rare, small shrub with grey-green foliage and white flowers, native to the northern tablelands of NSW, near Walcha (photo next page top left). This plant is named for Peter Henry Weston (1956–), formerly a Senior Principal Research Scientist at the NSW National Herbarium, and co-discoverer of the species in 2004.





3. Bear left up the hill behind the café, then right along the road above the Rock Garden to see, on your right, **Hakea obtusa**, a rounded shrub with blunt elliptical leaves and bright pink powderpuff flowers along the stems (photo above right). This plant is native to the Ravensthorpe area of southwestern WA.



4. Also on your right is **Hakea macraeana**, or Needlewood, a small tree with fine, drooping foliage and large, warty, ovoid fruits with an upturned beak, native to southeastern mainland Australia (photo above).



5. Again on your right is **Hakea constablei**, a small tree with very large, brown, warty nuts which remain unopened on the tree (photo above). This plant is endemic to the Blue Mountains near Sydney and was named after Ernest Constable, a plant collector for the Royal Botanic Gardens, Sydney.

6. Still on your right is **Hakea archaeoides**, a shrub with oblong leaves and clusters of grey, woody nuts (photo below left). This plant is native to the north coast of New South Wales and is listed as vulnerable in the wild.



7. Continue straight ahead into the Sydney Region Gully to see, on your left, **Epacris purpurascens var. purpurascens**, a sparse bush with prickly reddish leaves and showy mauve-white flowers with red centres (photo above right). This plant is native to coastal areas from Sydney to Wollongong in NSW and is listed as vulnerable in the wild.



8. Bear right to see on your right, **Leionema sp.**, a small shrub with scented foliage and clustered, star-shaped cream flowers (photo above). These plants are native to eastern Australia.

9. Also on your right is **Zieria parrisiae**, commonly known as Parris' Zieria, critically endangered in the wild and endemic to a small area near Pambula on the south coast of NSW (photo below left). This bushy shrub has warty, clover-like leaves with clusters of up to 24 white to pale yellow flowers near the ends of the branches. The genus *Zieria* is named for Jan Zier, a Polish botanist who died in 1793.



10. To the rear, on your right, is **Banksia ericifolia var. ericifolia** with long orange flowers on bright green heath-like foliage (photo above right). Heath-leaved Banksia is one of the best-known members of the genus, having been in widespread cultivation for many years.



11. On your right is **Zieria tuberculata**, commonly known as Warty Zieria, endemic to a small area on the south coast of NSW, near Central Tilba, and is listed as vulnerable in the wild (photo above). This shrub has warty, hairy branches and leaves and large clusters of creamy-white, four-petalled flowers.