

12. On your right is *Callistemon (Melaleuca) polandii*, or the **Gold-tipped Bottlebrush**, a large shrub endemic to a small area in far northern Queensland near Cooktown, known for its red bottlebrush flowers with gold-tipped stamens (photo below left).



13. On your far left is *Grevillea sp.*, a groundcover with grey green linear foliage and masses of red toothbrush flowers (photo above right).

14. On your left, in a pot, is *Beaufortia aestiva*, or Kalbarri Beaufortia, or Summer Flame, a rounded shrub with egg-shaped leaves and brilliant orange-red flowers, native to the area between Kalbarri and Eneabba in WA (photo below left).



15. Also on your left is *Verticordia chrysantha*, or Golden Feather Flower, a slow-growing, small shrub with bright yellow flowers native to southwestern WA (photo above right).

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Today we will walk from the Visitor Centre, up the hill behind the café and along the Main Path



1. After you leave the Visitor Centre, on your right, in a pot, is *Eremophila mackinlayii subsp. spathulata* 'Big John', a large shrub with grey-green leaves and many blue-purple flowers, thought to be a chimera, when the plant is *Myoporum* on the inside and *Eremophila* on the outside, which gives it extra vigour (photo above).

2. Also on your right is *Alyogyne huegelii* **mauve form** an airy bush with pale mauve flowers and coarse green foliage (photo next page top left).



3. Still on your right is *Telopea 'Essie's Gift'*, with long green leaves and spectacular dark pink flowers (photo above right). 'Essie's Gift' is a relatively new selection of waratah and is named in honour of the late Essie Huxley who was devoted to the genus *Telopea*.



4. On your right again is *Daviesia arborea*, also known as Golden Pea Tree or Bitterleaf Pea, a small tree with drooping, shiny green foliage and masses of yellow pea flowers (photo above). This plant is native to northeastern NSW and southeastern Queensland.



5. Further on your right is *Coronidium sp.*, commonly known as the White Paper Daisy or Tall Everlasting, a compact shrub with silvery leaves and many white paper daisies with gold centres, native to open forests in eastern Australia (photo above).

6. On your right again is *Myoporum bateae* named for the collector of the type specimen, Miss Mary Bate and native to a restricted area in southeastern NSW (photo below). This pyramidal, sweet-smelling shrub has horizontal branches carrying fine, drooping, aromatic leaves and pink flowers on the top of the branches.



7. On your right is *Pimelea ferruginea* 'Magenta Mist' with bright pink heads of flower on neat green foliage (photo below).



8. On your right once more is *Melaleuca fulgens*, a small bush with narrow, grey leaves and red-orange 'bottlebrush' flowers with gold stamens, which is native to the west coast and southwest of WA, as well as parts of South Australia and the Northern Territory (photo below).



9. Bear left uphill behind the café to see on your left *Grevillea barklyana subsp. barklyana*, or **Gully Grevillea**, a large bush with pink toothbrush flowers (photo below). This plant is native to a restricted area of Victoria along the upper Bunyip River.



10. Further on your left is *Olearia argophylla* or Native Musk, a tall shrub with felted grey leaves and many heads of white, strongly scented 'daisy' flowers with gold centres (photo below). This plant is native to the east coast in NSW, Victoria and Tasmania.



11. Turn right along the Main Path to see, on your left, *Oxylobium robustum*, or Shaggy-Pea, a shrub with broad, green, linear leaves and yellow-orange pea flowers (photo below). This plant is native to coastal NSW north of Newcastle into Queensland.

