

12. Bear right in front of the waterfall to see, on your left, *Eucalyptus macrocarpa*, or Mottlecah, with magnificent, silver-grey, sword-like foliage (photo below). This sprawling mallee is native to southwestern WA and has the largest eucalypt flower.



13. On your right is *Brachyscome multifida* 'Amethyst', a small daisy with fine green foliage and purple flowers with gold centres (photo above right). Many of the Brachyscome cultivars make excellent garden plants.

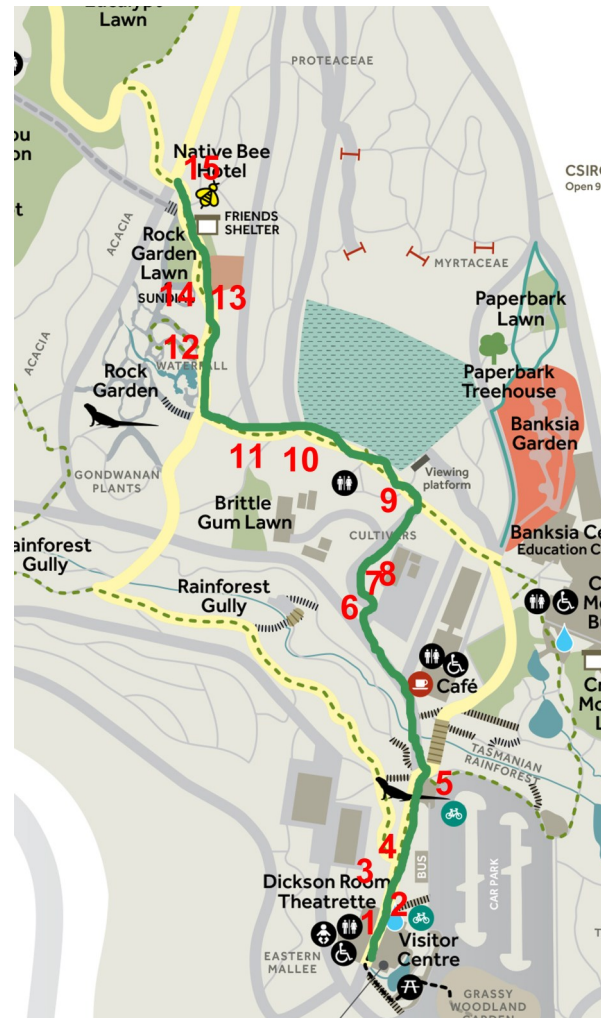


14. On your left, in a pot, is *Grevillea leptobotrys* 'Lilac Tangles' with small racemes of lilac-pink flowers buried in prickly, dark-green growth (photo above). *Grevillea leptobotrys* is known as the Tangled Grevillea and is native to southwestern WA.



15. On your right is *Hakea drupacea*, commonly known as Sweet Hakea, an open tree or shrub with sharp-pointed, green leaves and white pincushion flowers, native to southwestern WA (photo above).

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Today we will walk from the Visitor Centre, up the hill behind the café, right behind the depot, then up the hill along the Main Path



1. As you leave the Visitor Centre look up to your left to see *Eustrephus latifolius*, or Wombat Berry, a vigorous vine, with lance-shaped leaves and orange berries containing many shiny, black seeds, which persist on the plant for many months (photo above). This plant is native to the entire east coast of Australia, excepting Tasmania.

2. On your right, in a pot, is *Eremophila cuneifolia* x *E. fraseri*, the most spectacular of all the *E. cuneifolia* hybrids, forming a shrub 2m high and wide with large green leaves, purple flowers with spotted throats, and very large pink sepals (photo next page top left)



3. On your left look up to see ***Buckinghamia celsissima***, or Ivory Curl, a small tree with fragrant, dense, terminal clusters of cylindrical ivory flower spikes, native to the 'wet tropics' rainforest areas of northeastern Queensland (photo above right).



4. Further on your left is ***Epacris longiflora*** 'Nectar Pink', a very floriferous small shrub covered in slender pink bells with white tips (photo above).



5. Look down to your right to see ***Banksia spinulosa*** 'Birthday Candles', a dense, bright green bush with attractive needle foliage and short, yellow flowers with rusty red styles (photo above). 'Birthday Candles' is a dwarf cultivar of *Banksia spinulosa* var. *spinulosa* developed by Bill Molyneux of Austraflora Nurseries in Montrose, Victoria.

6. Bear left uphill behind the café, then right behind the depot, to see on your left ***Callistemon subulatus*** 'Brogo Overflow' with bright red flowers and a low spreading habit (photo below).



7. On your right is ***Scaevola*** 'Pink Fusion', a low-growing, wide-spreading, cushion-like plant with many pink, fan flowers over a long period (photo below).



8. Also on your right is ***Brachyscome*** sp., a close groundcover of ferny, green leaves with mauve flowers with gold centres (photo below).



9. As you turn left uphill on your left is ***Grevillea*** 'Legacy Flame', a small grevillea, bred locally by Bywong Nursery, which commemorates 100 years of Legacy Australia with flame-like orange-red flowers which resemble the Legacy torch (photo below).



10. Also on your left is ***Correa*** 'Snowbelle', a small spreading shrub with grey-green foliage and white bell-shaped flowers with upturned petals bred by Peter Ollerenshaw at Bywong Nursery, near Canberra (photo below).



11. Again on your left is ***Correa alba***, or White Correa, with grey-green leaves with silver backs and white star flowers (photo below). This correa is a popular and reliable plant in the garden, native to eastern coastal regions of Australia, first formally described by Henry Cranke Andrews in 1798.

