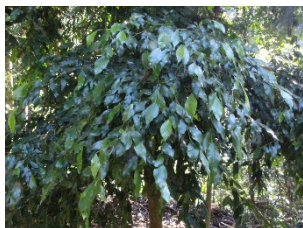
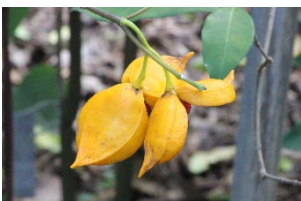


12. On your right is a group of *Livistona fulva*, tall, solitary palms restricted in distribution to the Blackdown Tablelands in central Queensland (photo below left).



13. Also on your right is *Psychotria daphnoides*, commonly known as Smooth Psychotria or Turkey Bush, a small tree with narrow, glossy green leaves, fragrant white flowers, and edible, white berries that attract birds, native to coastal northern NSW, Queensland and NT (photo above right).

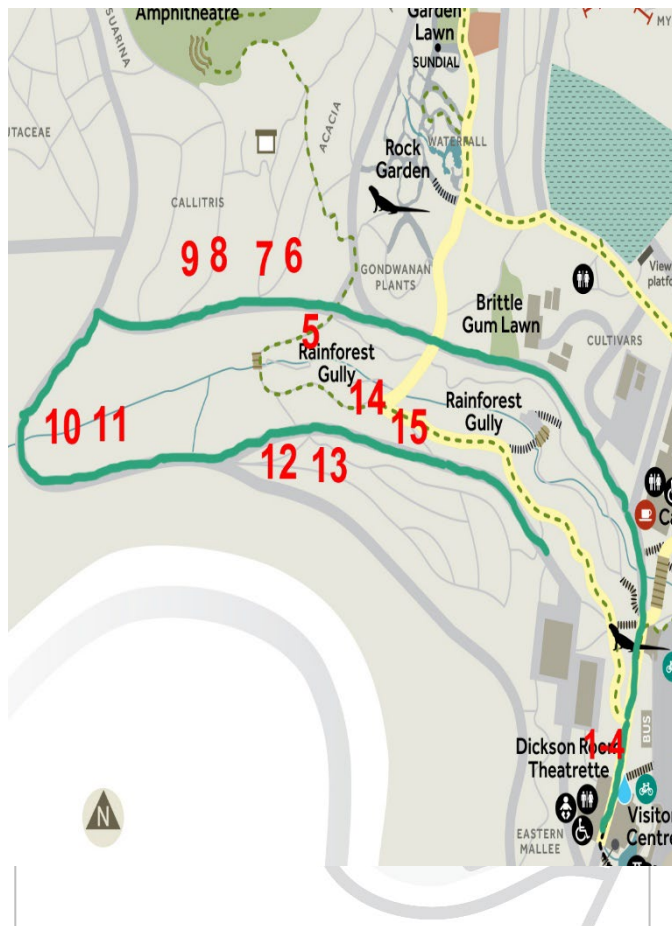
14. On your left is *Tabernaemontana pandacaqui*, Windmill bush or Banana bush, a tall shrub or tree with white or pale-yellow flowers and orange fruit with paired follicles, each up to 7 cm (3 in) in diameter, native to China, Taiwan, Thailand, Melesia, Papua New Guinea, Australia and many Pacific islands (photo below left).



15. Also on your left is *Streblus pendulinus* a tree, usually dioecious, without spines, exuding a white latex when damaged with a common name of Isaac Wood or Siah's or Sia's Backbone (photo above right). This tree is native to Norfolk Island, also to New Guinea, Micronesia, Vanuatu, New Caledonia, Fiji, Rapa and Hawai'i.



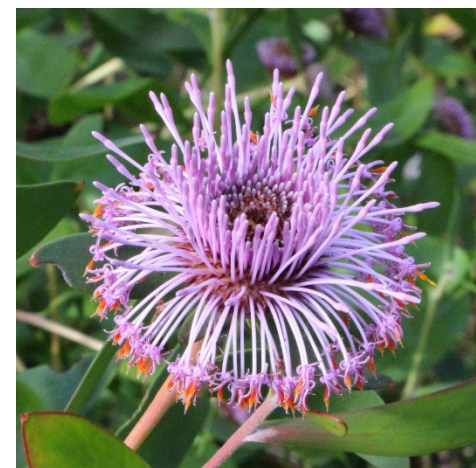
A publication of the
Friends of the Australian
National Botanic Gardens



24 Jun – 7 Jul 2026

Featuring the plants of the Australian National Botanic Gardens, Canberra, ACT. Written and illustrated by ANBG Friends Rosalind and Benjamin Walcott

Today we will walk straight up the hill behind the café and return to the Visitor Centre along the road near the Rainforest Gully



1. After you leave the Visitor Centre, on your right, down the steps, is *Isopogon cuneatus*, an upright shrub with floppy branches of flat, bright-green leaves, often tinged with red, and large pink heads of drumstick flowers (photo above). This plant is native to southwestern WA.

2. Also on your right is *Guichenotia ledifolia*, a small shrub with grey-green foliage covered in drooping, dusty pink, 5-petalled flowers with maroon centres (photo next page top left). This plant is native to southwestern WA.



3. Further on your right, in a pot, is ***Pimelea physodes***, or Qualup Bell, with grey-green foliage close to reddish stems with pendant, green bracts enclosing the small flowers and dark-red outer bracts (photo above right). This plant is native to southwestern WA and is considered the most outstanding of the genus.

4. Also on your right, in a pot, is ***Actinotus helianthi*** or Flannel Flower, with white, star flowers with yellow-grey centres and silver-grey divided foliage (photo below left). These plants are native to the coast and mountains of NSW and southern Queensland.



5. Bear left uphill to see on your left ***Banksia aquilonia***, a large shrub or small tree, with lance-shaped leaves with a silvery underside arranged spirally on the branches (photo above right). The flowers are pale yellow in colour. The seeds are enclosed in follicles attached to a woody cone and they are released from the cones annually. This banksia is native to northern coastal Queensland.

6. On your right is ***Banksia neoanglica***, or New England Banksia, showing silver-backed, dark green foliage with gold flowers with black styles held upright (photo below). This shrub is native to the eastern tablelands of Queensland and NSW.



7. Also on your right is ***Banksia oblongifolia***, a small shrub with oblong leaves and yellow flowers (photo below). This plant grows along the eastern coast of Queensland and NSW between Bundaberg and Ulladulla.



8. Further on your right is ***Acacia boormanii*** 'Gold Tips' a fast-growing, evergreen shrub with profuse gold ball flowers in bud and gold-tinted new foliage (photo below).



9. Also on your right is ***Callitris baileyi***, a conifer native to southeast Queensland, a slender tree with rough, greyish bark and a green crown (photo below). Both male and female cones form on the same tree. The common name is Bailey's Cypress-pine after Australian botanist Frederick Manson Bailey, who was the first to collect specimens of this tree.



10. Bear left and turn downhill to see, on your left, several ***Xanthorrhoea glauca* subsp. glauca**, large grass trees with rippling grey-green linear foliage native to coastal NSW and Queensland (photo below).



11. Also on your left is ***Gymnostoma australinum***, or Daintree Pine, a small, conical pine tree with bright-green, ferny foliage, tiny red flowers and prickly brown fruit (photo below). This plant is native to the tropical rainforest of northern Queensland and dates back 300 million years to the Gondwanan period.

